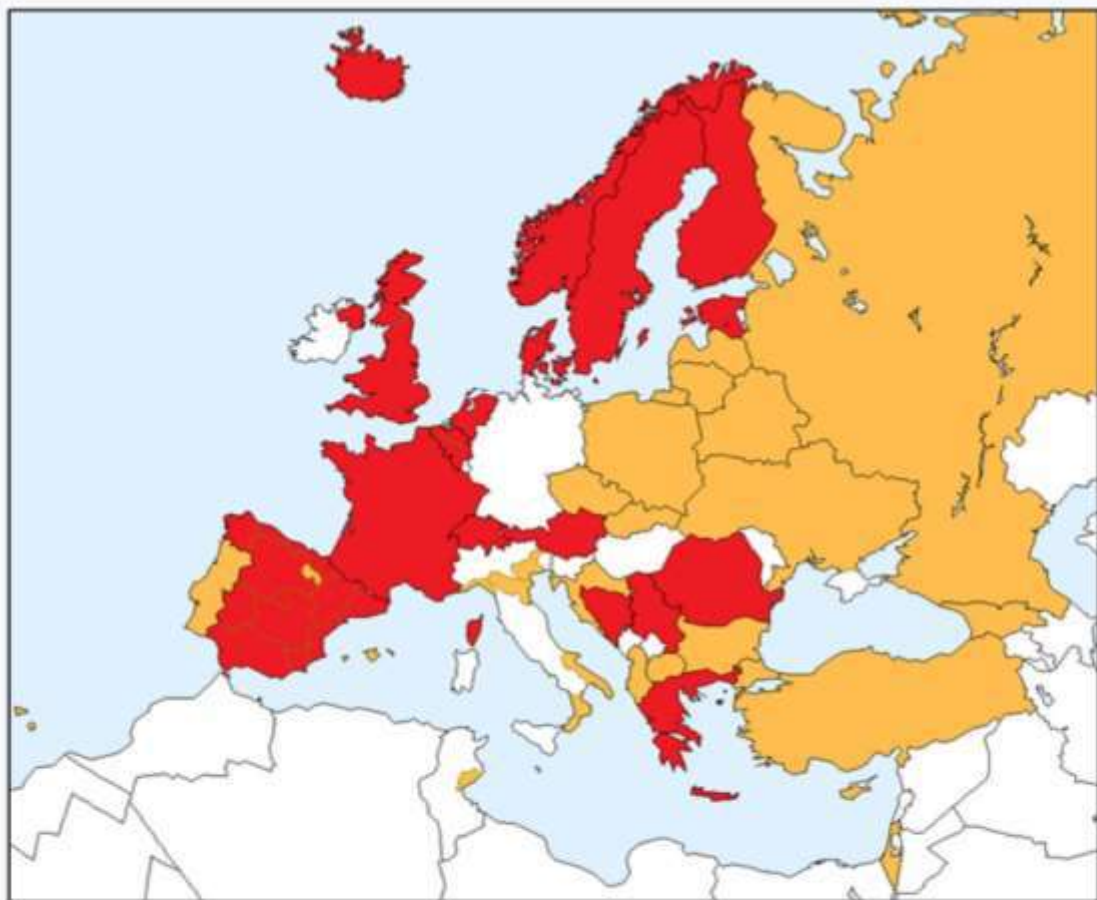






Summary of the 2015 ERA-EDTA Registry Annual Report

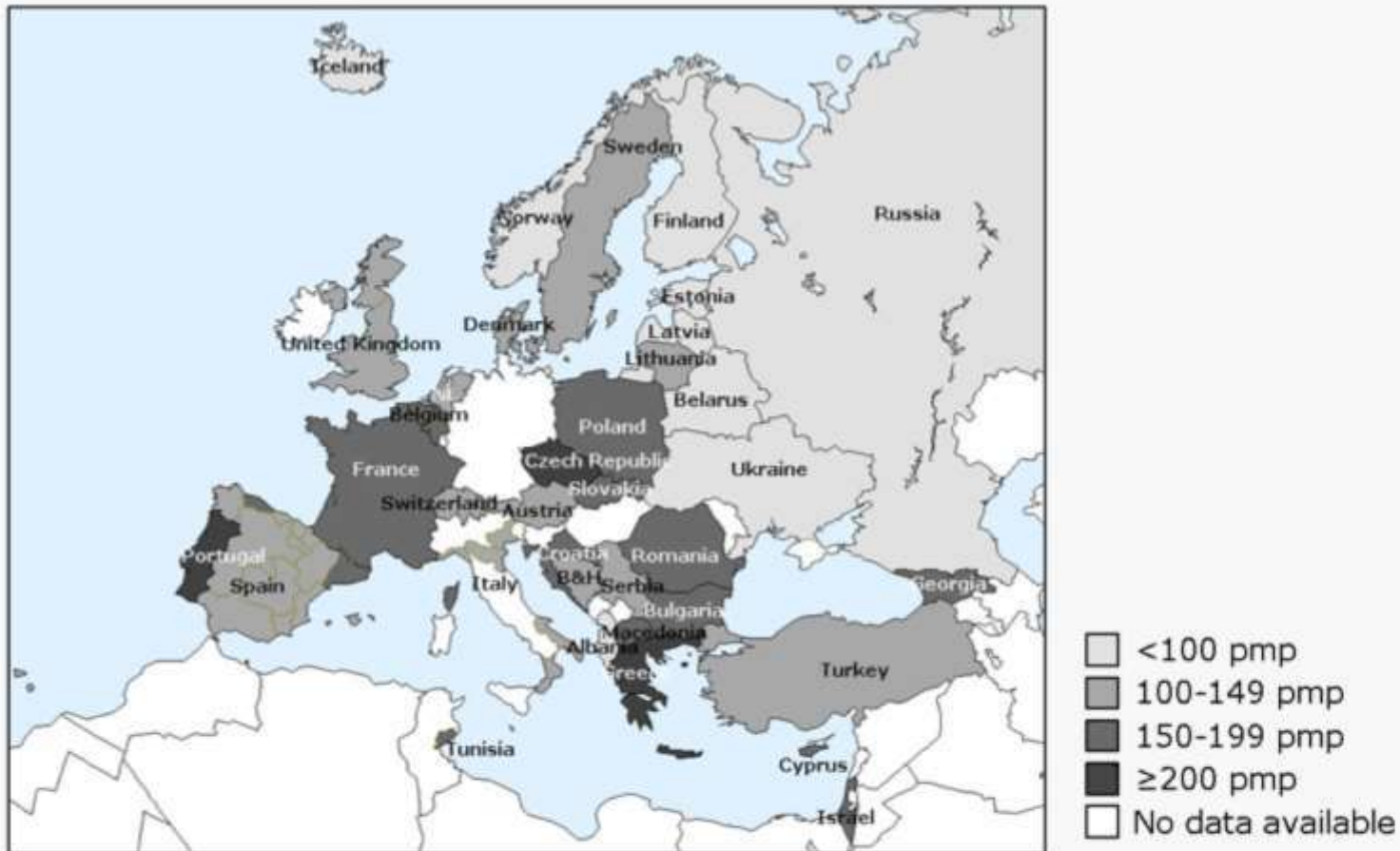


National and regional renal registries that contributed data to the 2015 ERA-EDTA Registry Annual Report



-  Renal registries contributing with individual patient data
-  Renal registries contributing with aggregated data

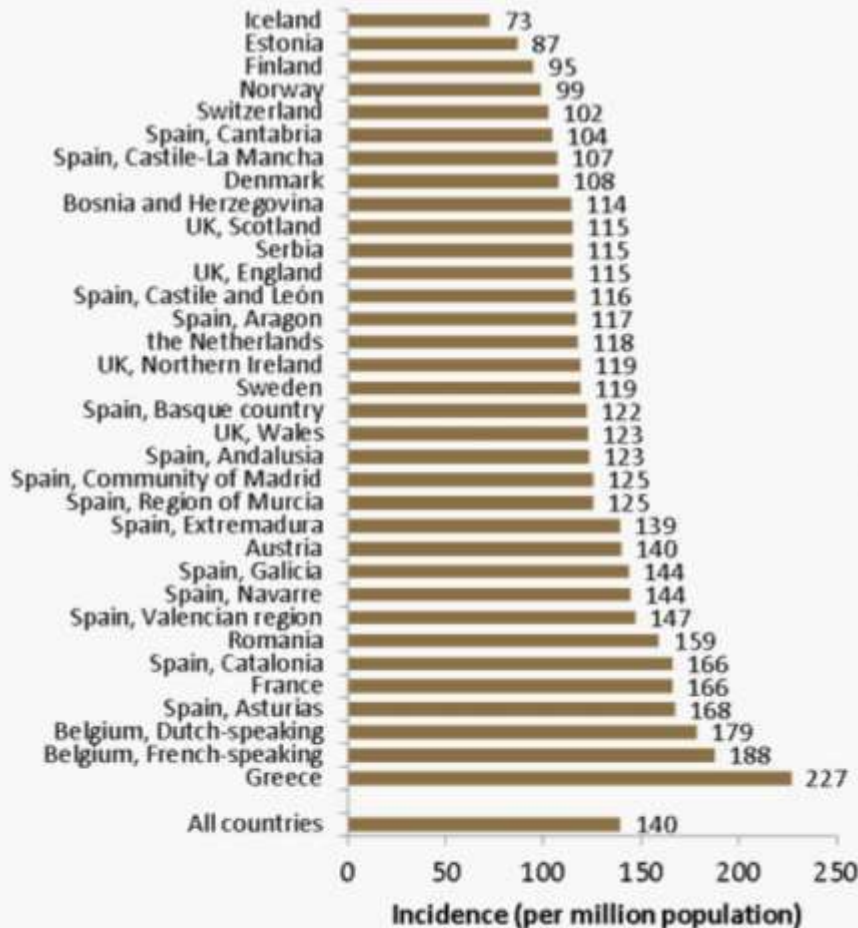
Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 1 *by country*



Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015 at day 1 by country

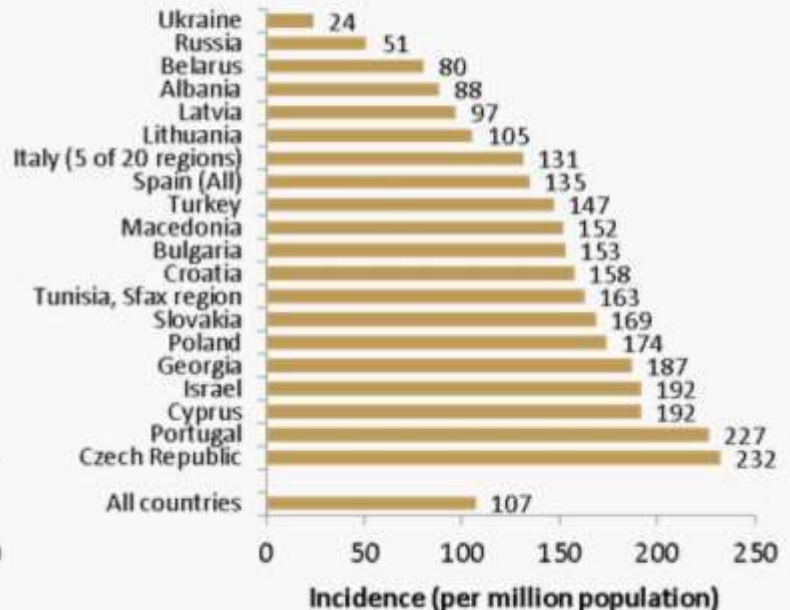
Unadjusted incidence

renal registries providing individual patient data



Unadjusted incidence

renal registries providing aggregated data



Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015 at day 1 by country *adjusted for age and gender*

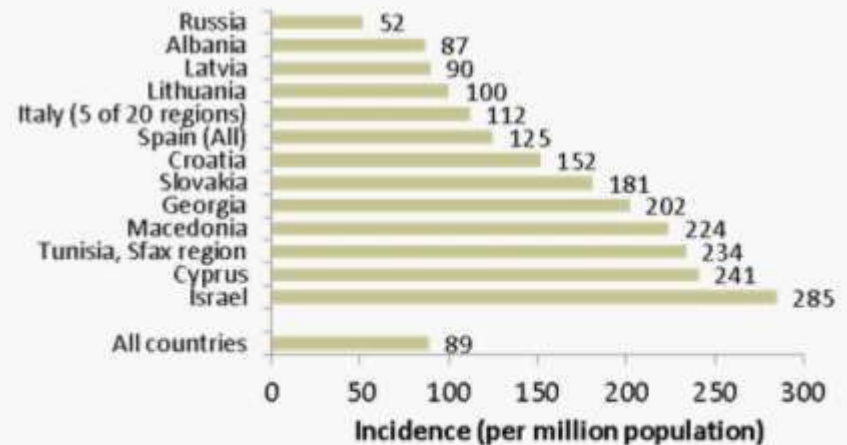
Adjusted incidence

renal registries providing individual patient data



Adjusted incidence

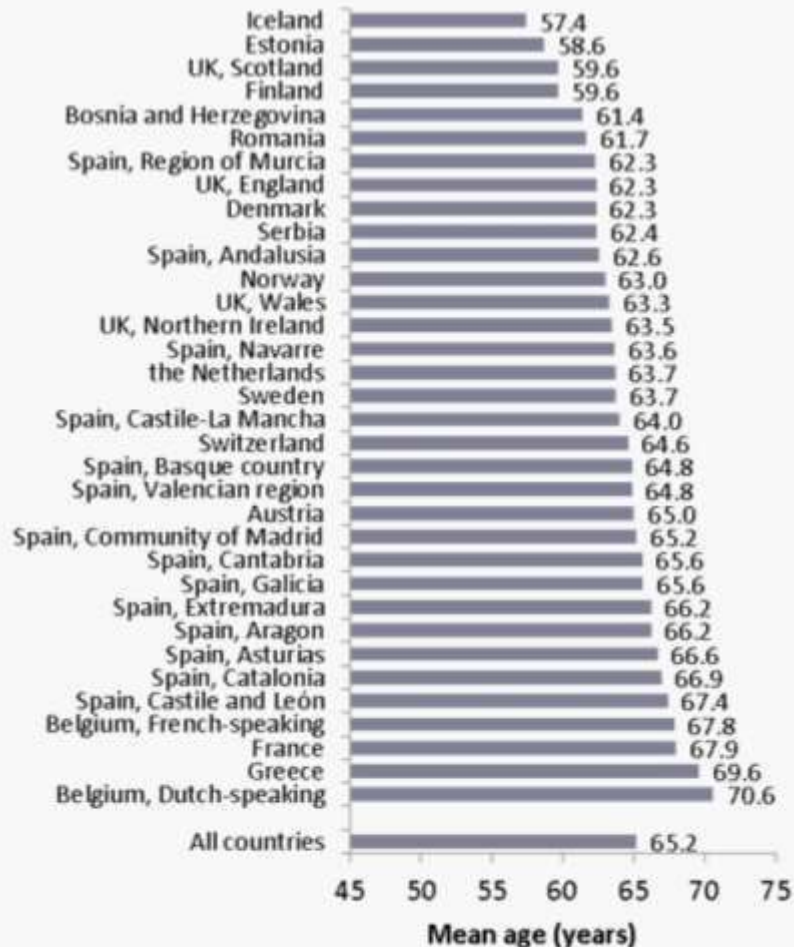
renal registries providing aggregated data



Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015 at day 1 mean age

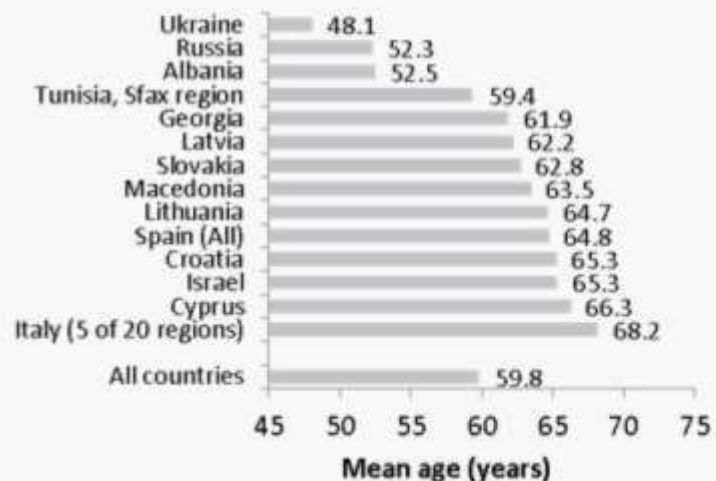
Mean age at start of RRT

renal registries providing individual patient data



Mean age at start of RRT

renal registries providing aggregated data

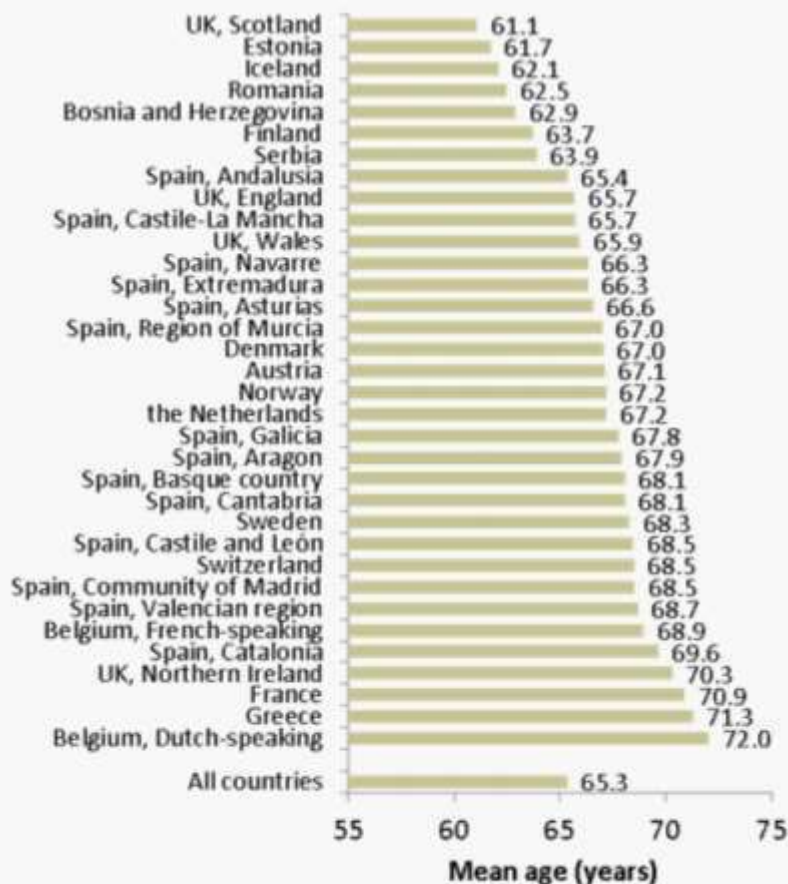


Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 1

registries providing individual patient data only

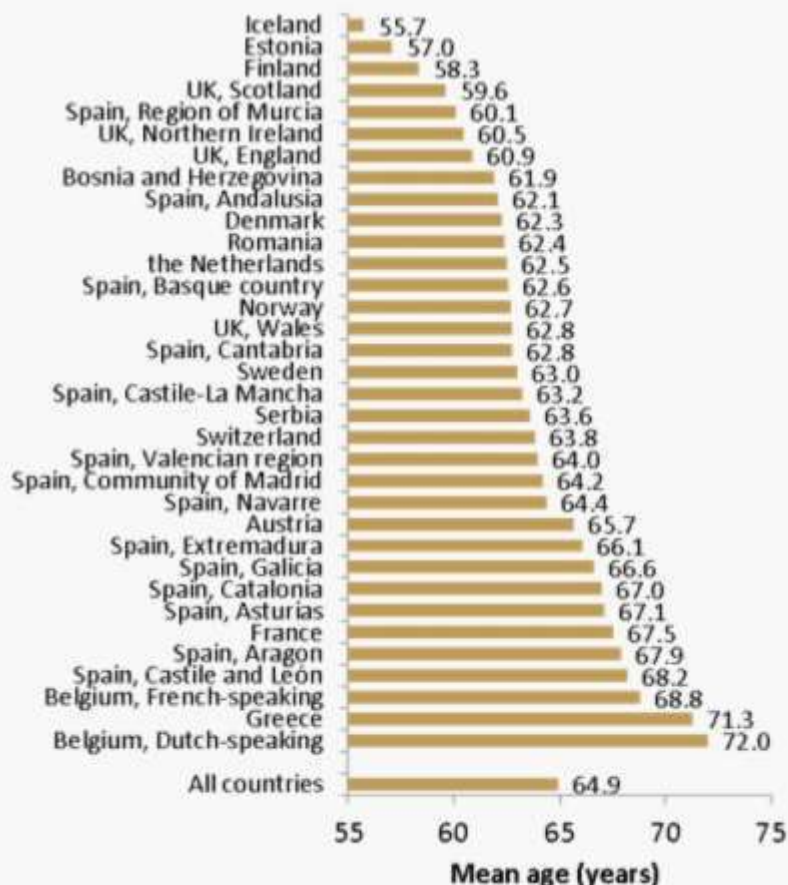
Mean age at start of RRT

male patients starting RRT in 2015



Mean age at start of RRT

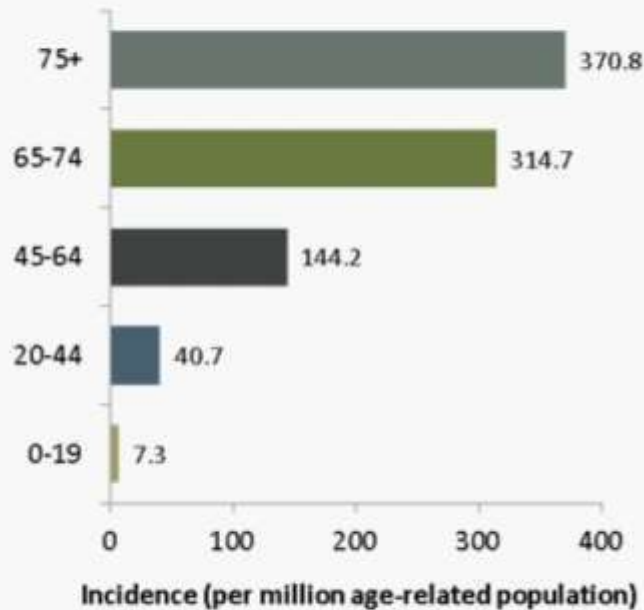
female patients starting RRT in 2015



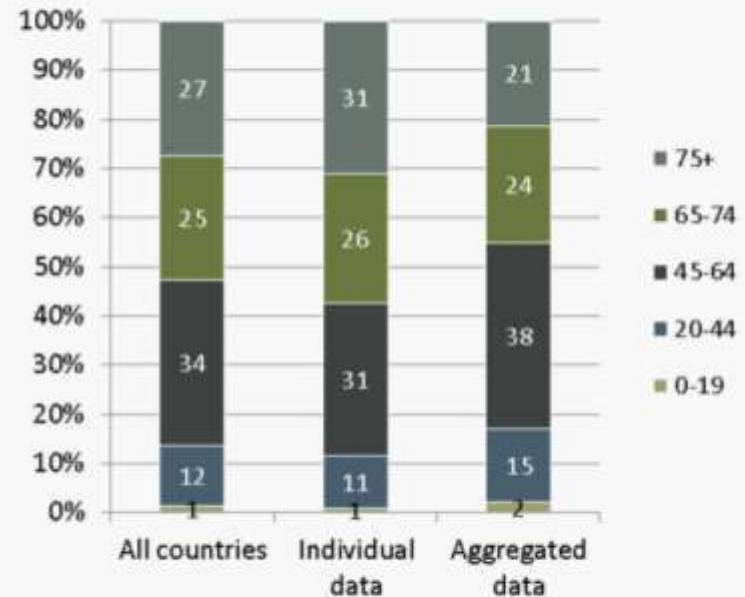
Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 1

by age category

Incidence by age category
for all registries



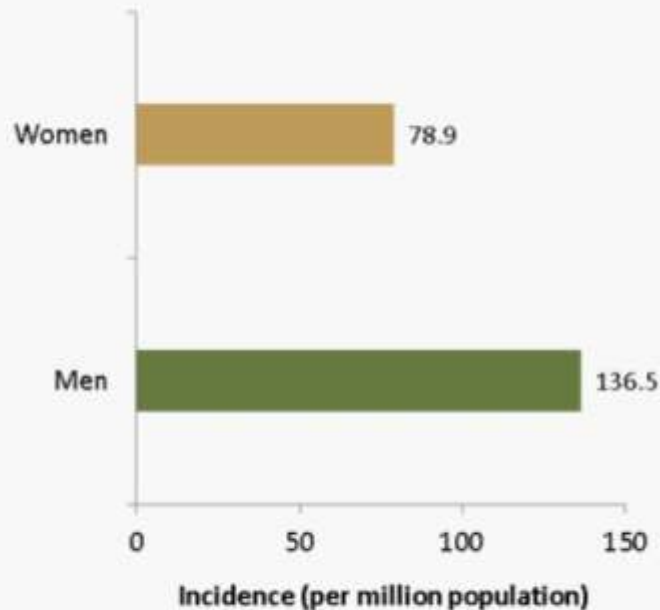
Incidence by age category
by type of data provided by registry



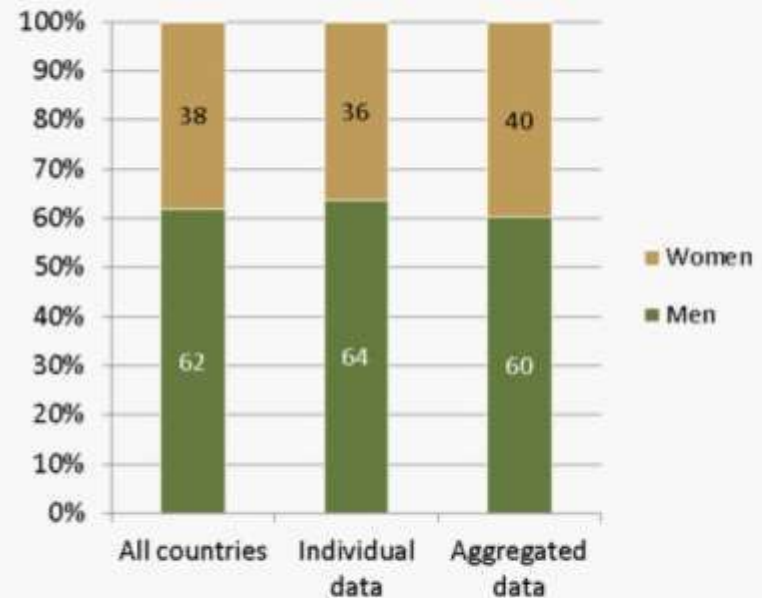
Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 1

by gender

Incidence by gender
for all registries



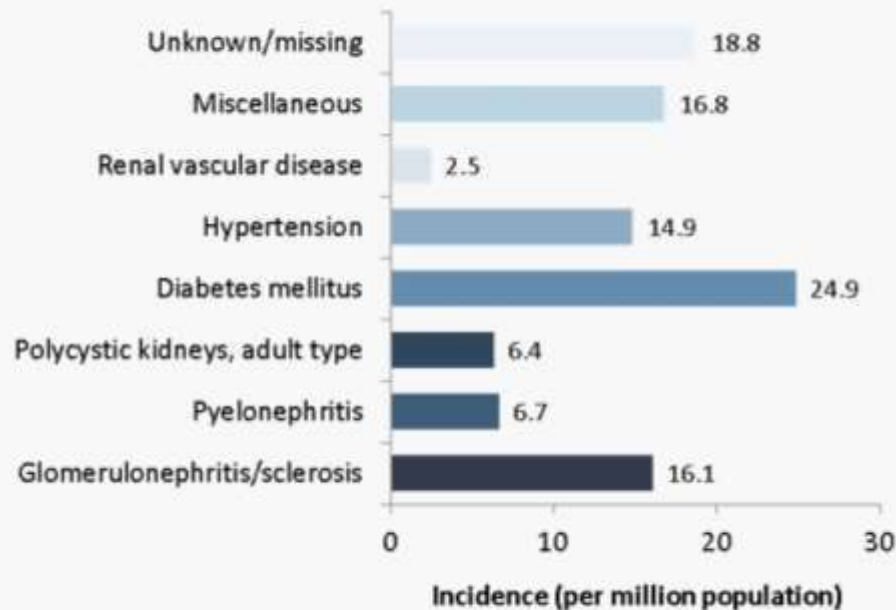
Incidence by gender
by type of data provided by registry



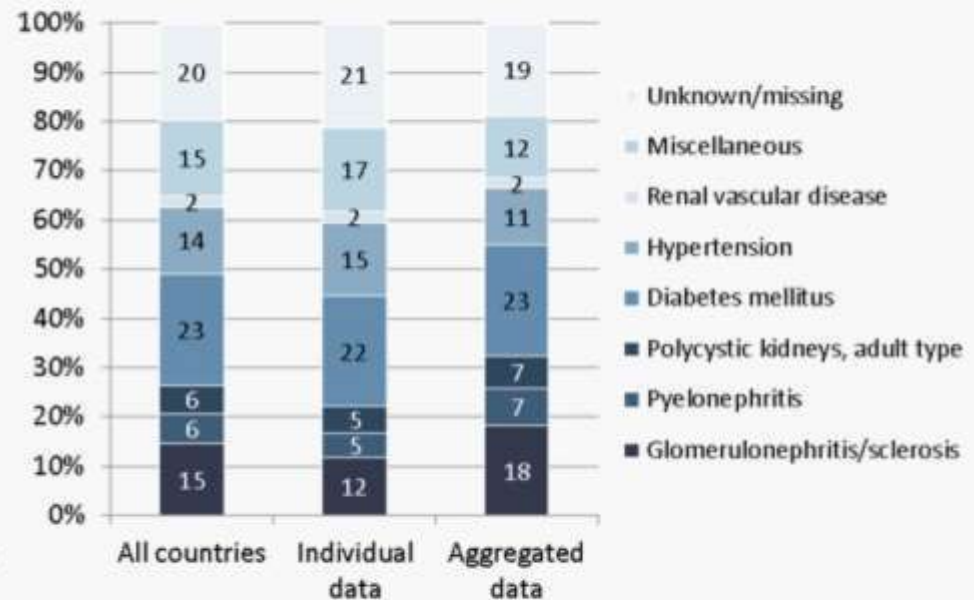
Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 1

by primary renal disease

Incidence by primary renal disease
for all registries



Incidence by primary renal disease
by type of data provided by registry



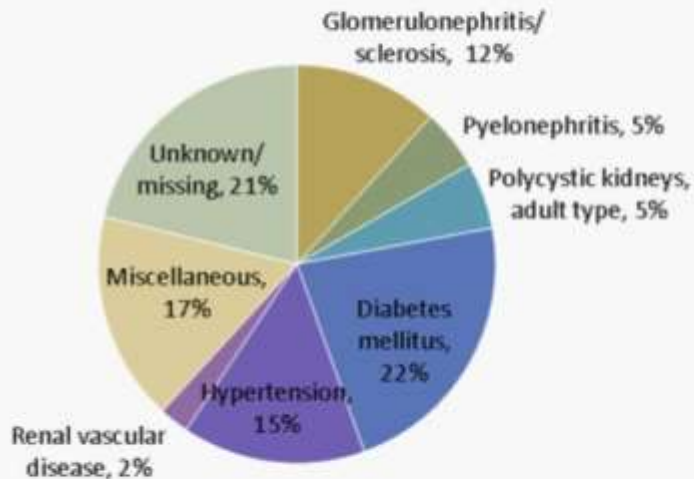
Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 1

by primary renal disease and age category

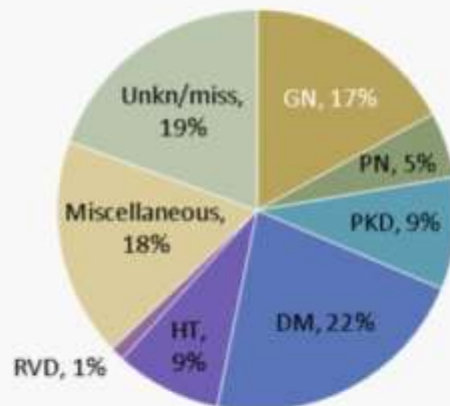
Incidence by primary renal disease

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

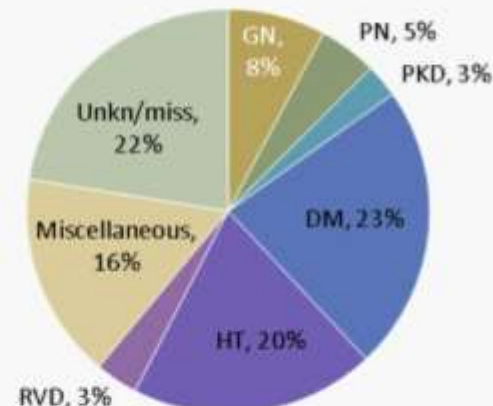
all patients



**patients younger than 65 years
of age at the start of RRT**

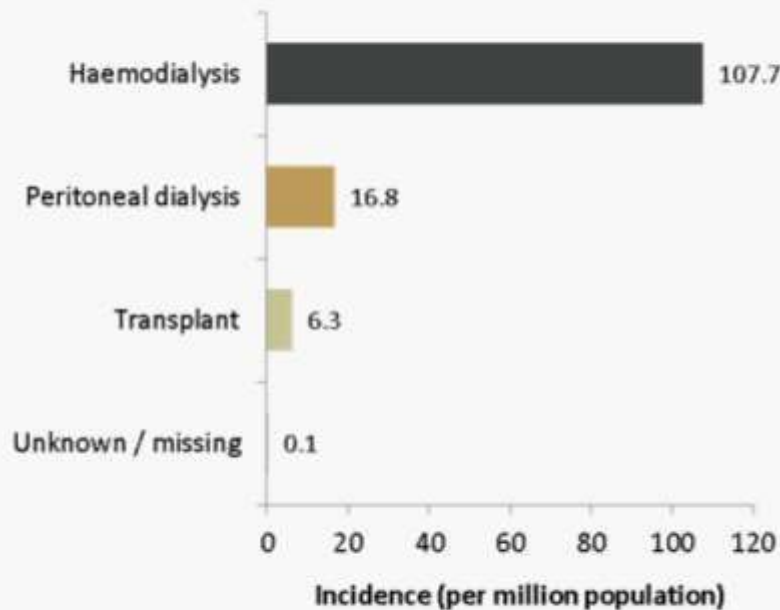


**patients aged 65 years or older
at the start of RRT**

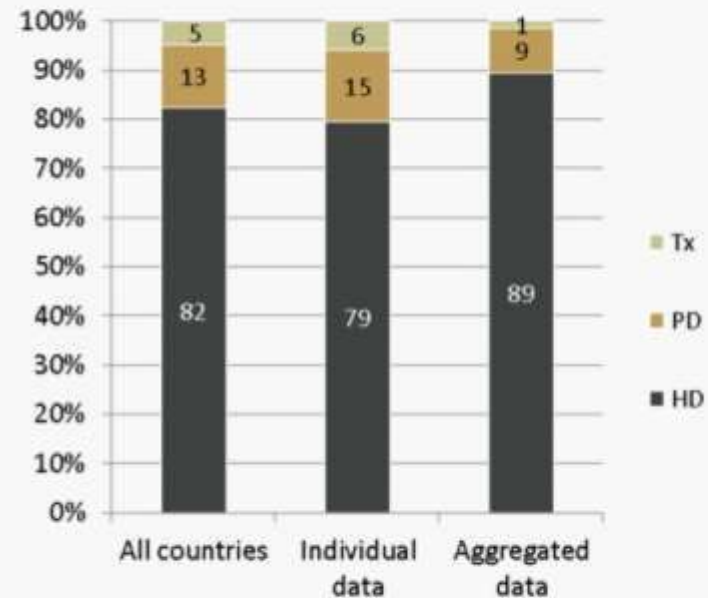


Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 91 *by established modality*

**Incidence at day 91
by established modality**
for all registries



**Incidence at day 91
by established modality**
by type of data provided by registry



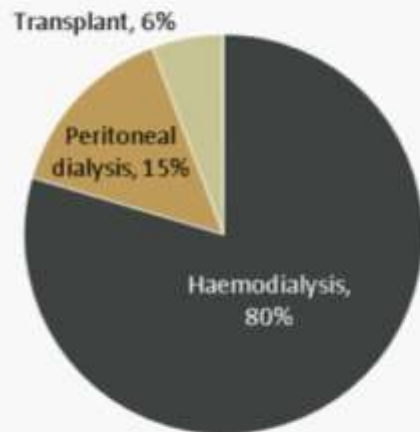
Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2015, at day 91

by established modality and age category

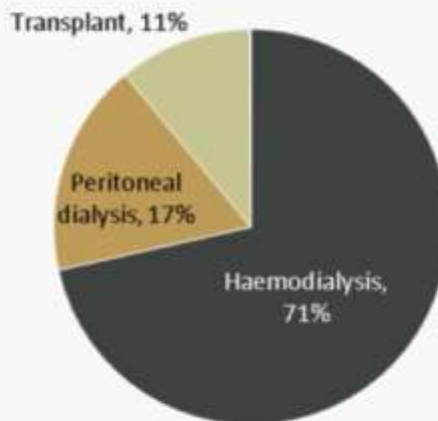
Incidence at day 91 by established modality

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

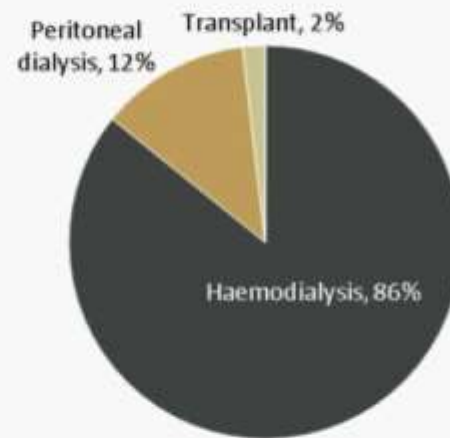
all patients



**patients younger than 65 years
of age at the start of RRT**



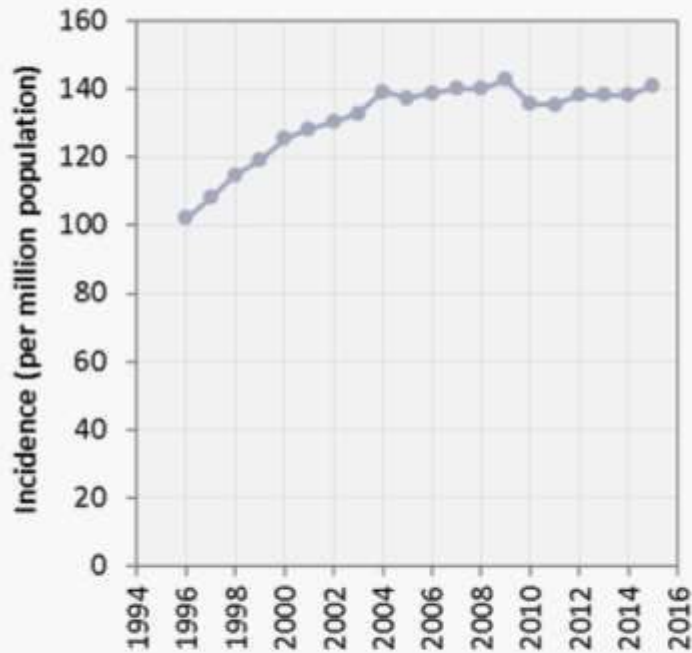
**patients aged 65 years or older
at the start of RRT**



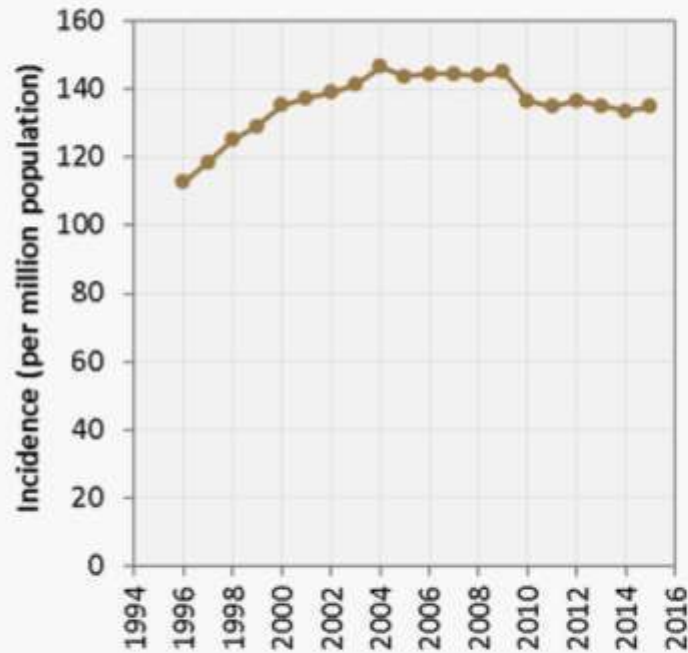
Incident patients accepted for RRT, at day 1

last 20 years (1996-2015)

Unadjusted incidence over time
all patients starting RRT



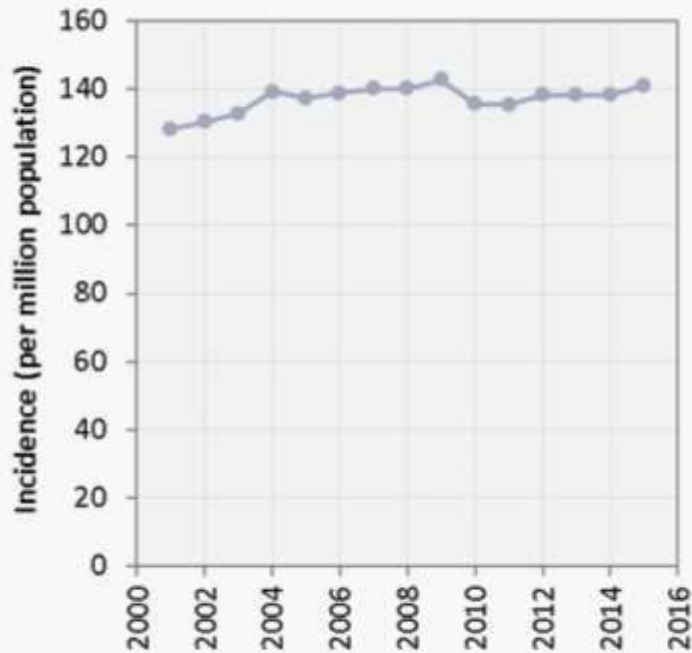
Adjusted incidence over time
all patients starting RRT



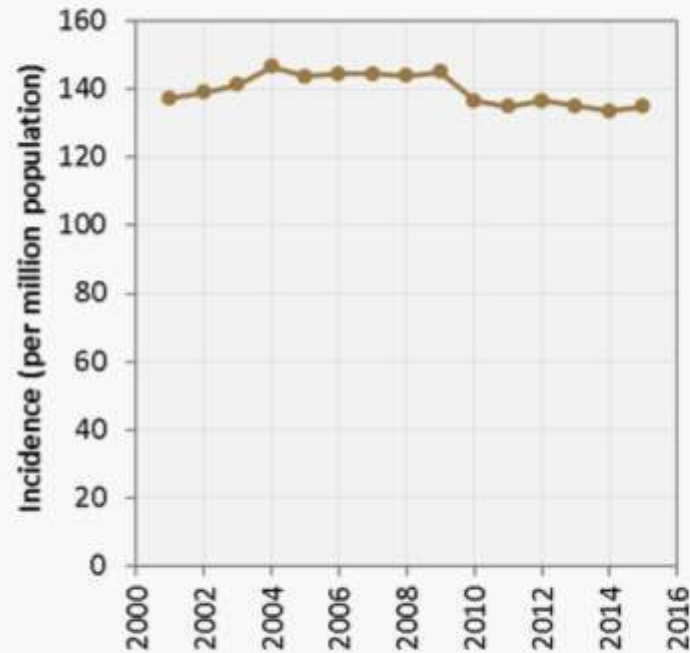
Incident patients accepted for RRT, at day 1

last 15 years (2001-2015)

Unadjusted incidence over time
all patients starting RRT



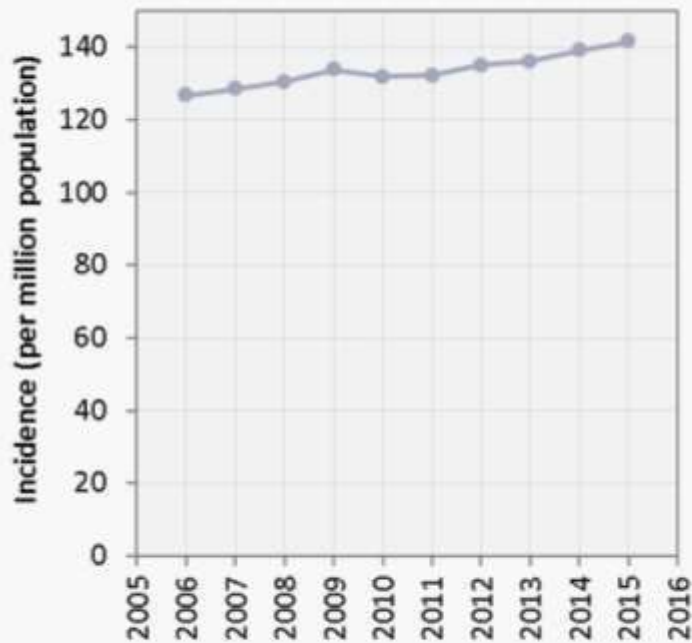
Adjusted incidence over time
all patients starting RRT



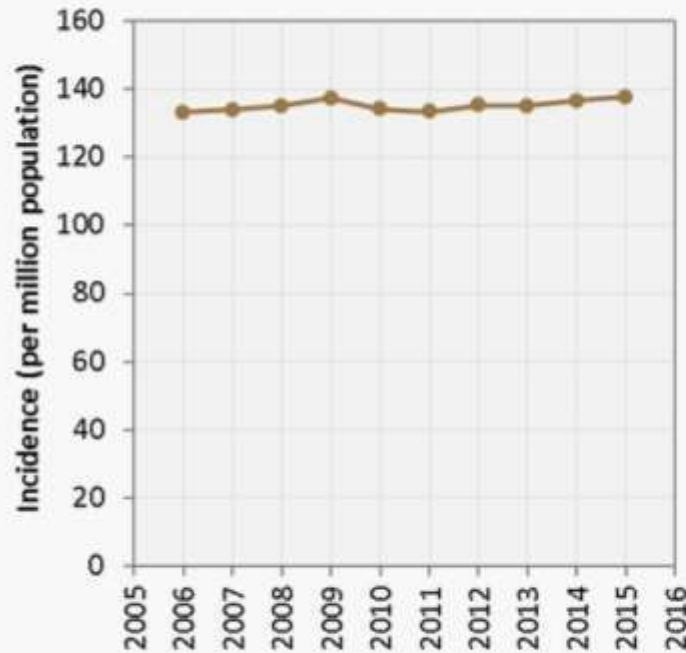
Incident patients accepted for RRT, at day 1

last 10 years (2006-2015)

Unadjusted incidence over time
all patients starting RRT



Adjusted incidence over time
all patients starting RRT

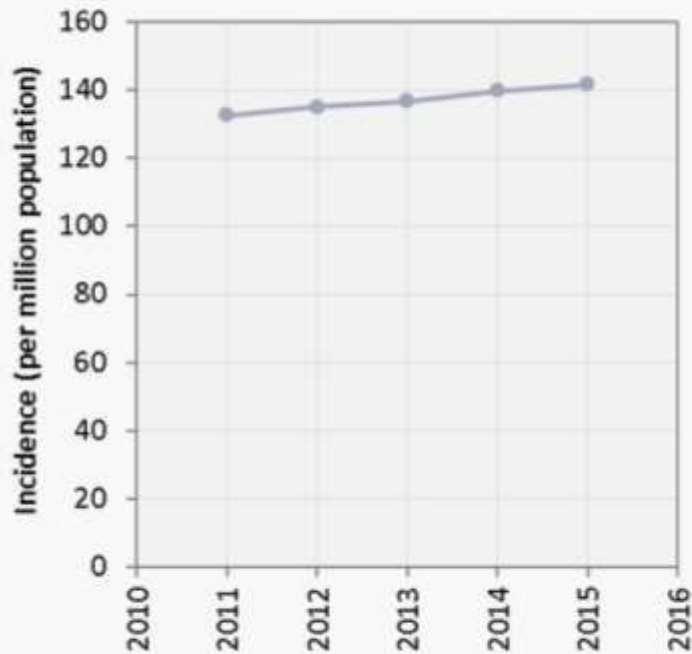


Incident patients accepted for RRT, at day 1

last 5 years (2011-2015)

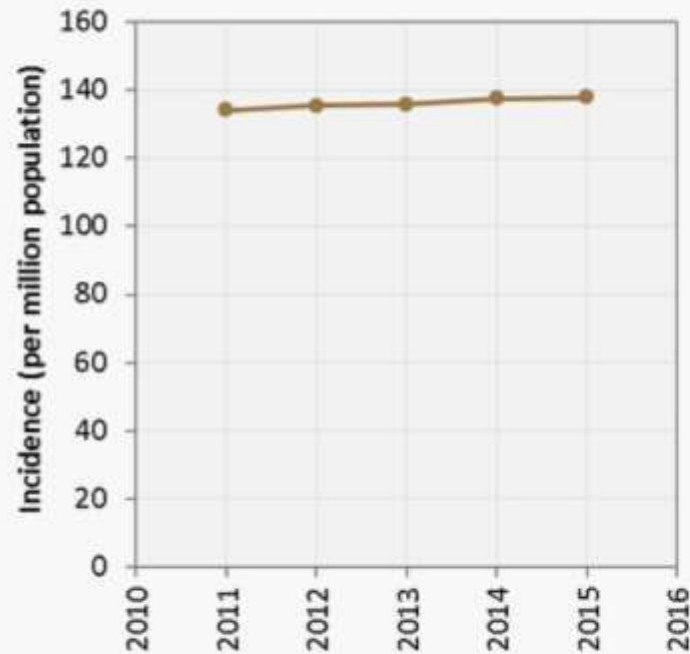
Unadjusted incidence over time

all patients starting RRT



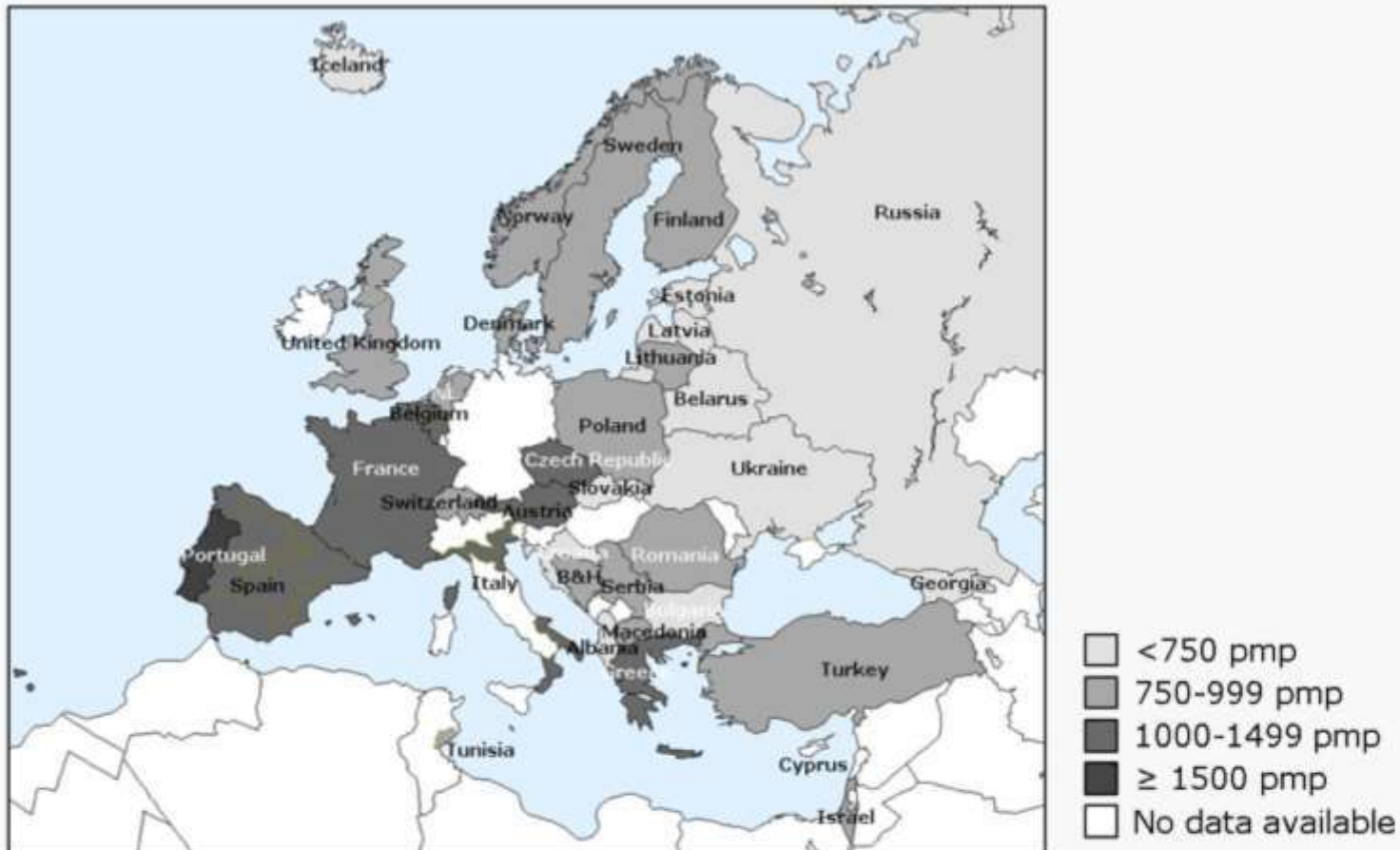
Adjusted incidence over time

all patients starting RRT



Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by country

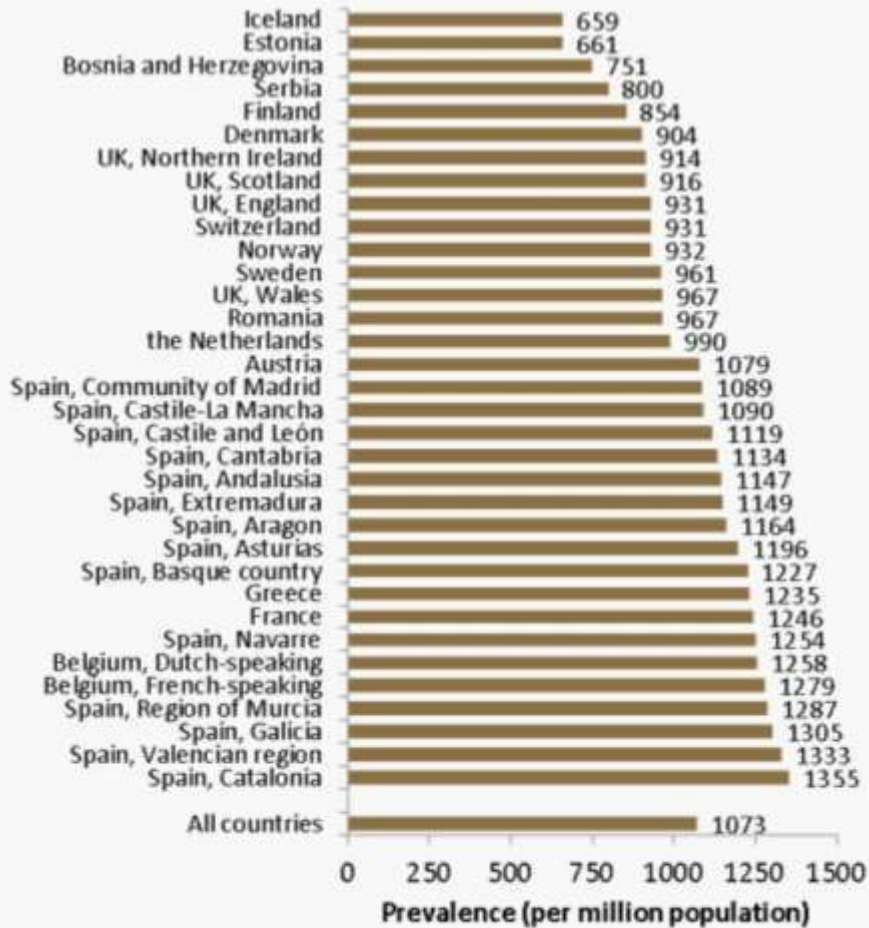


Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by country

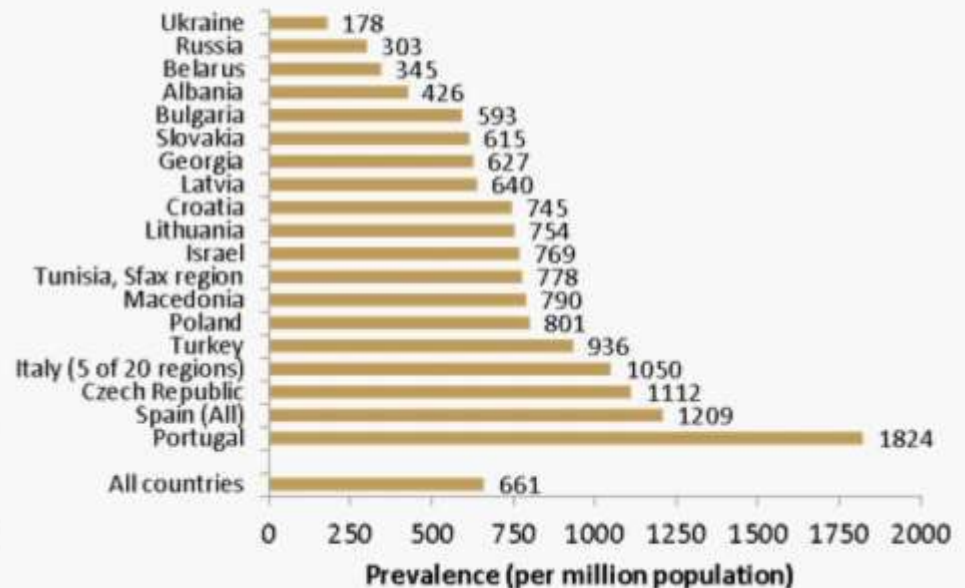
Unadjusted prevalence

renal registries providing individual patient data



Unadjusted prevalence

renal registries providing aggregated data



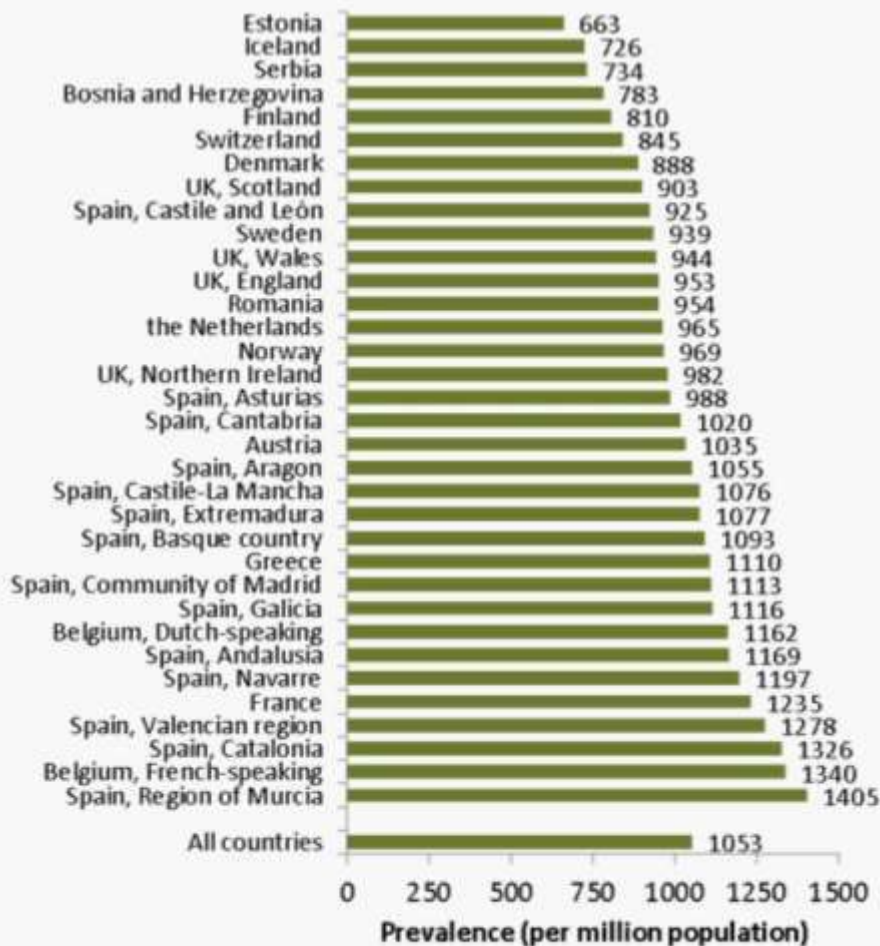
Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by country

adjusted for age and gender

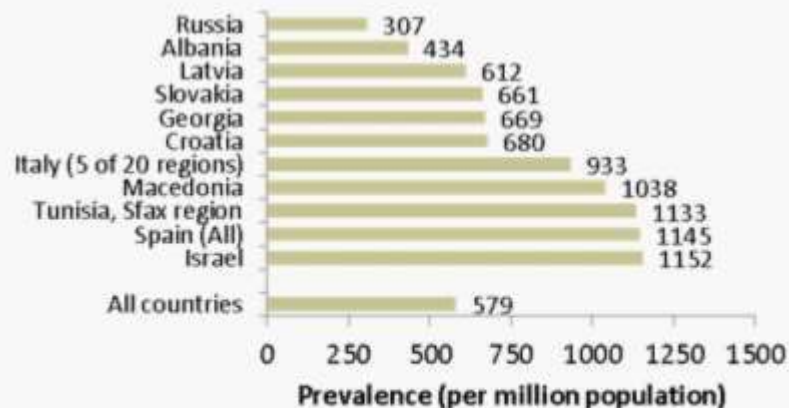
Adjusted prevalence

renal registries providing individual patient data



Adjusted prevalence

renal registries providing aggregated data



Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

mean age

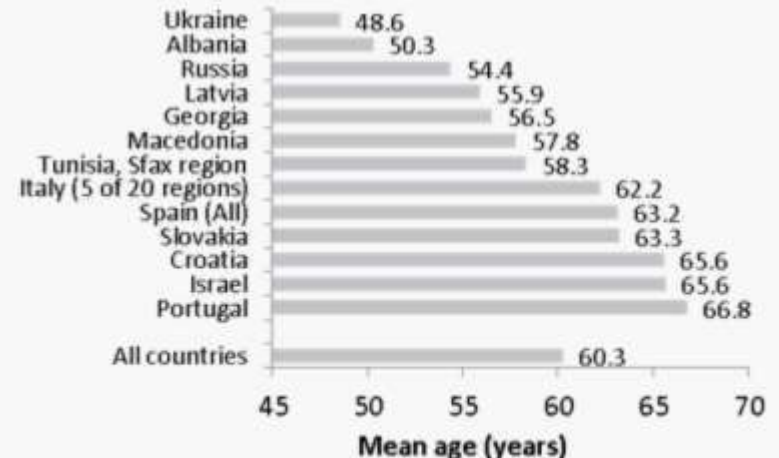
Mean age at 31 December 2015

renal registries providing individual patient data



Mean age at 31 December 2015

renal registries providing aggregated data

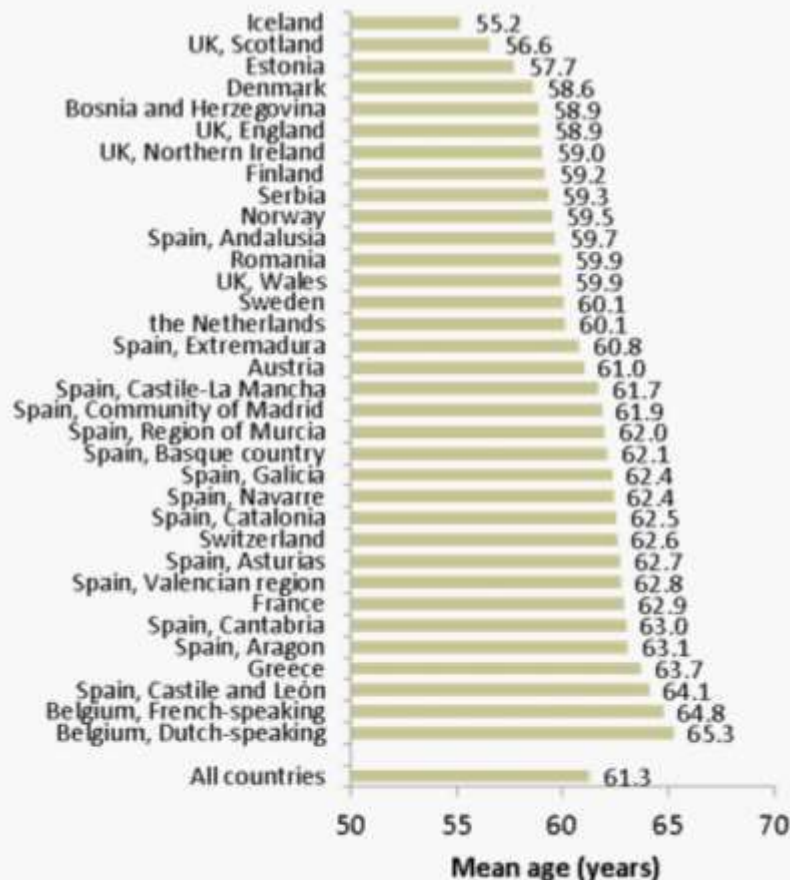


Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

for registries providing individual patient data only

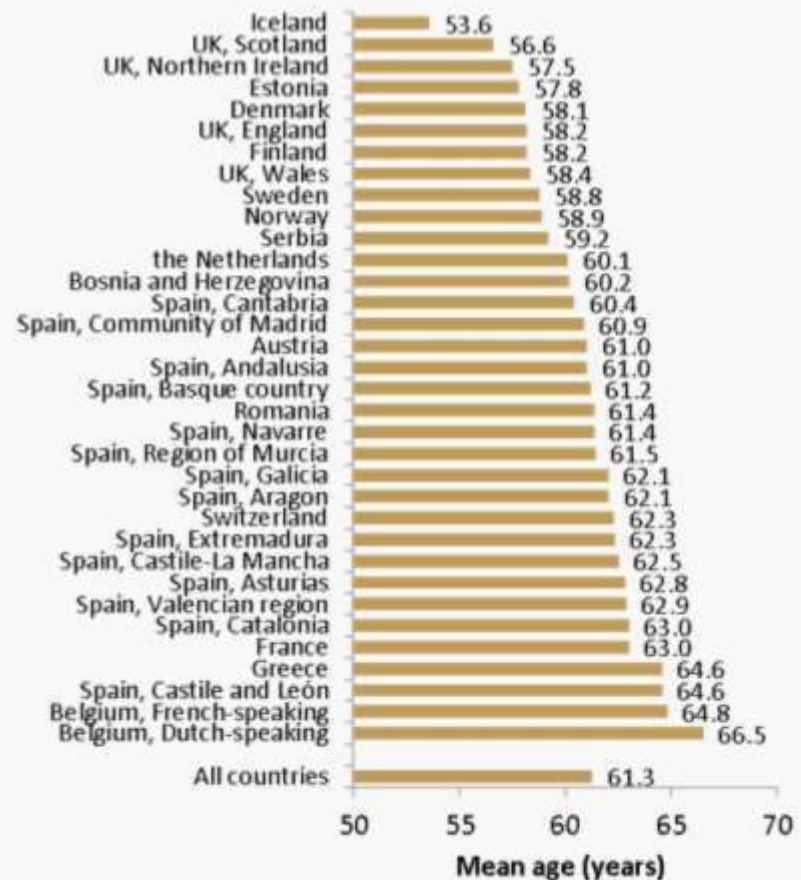
Mean age at 31 December 2015

male patients on RRT in 2015



Mean age at 31 December 2015

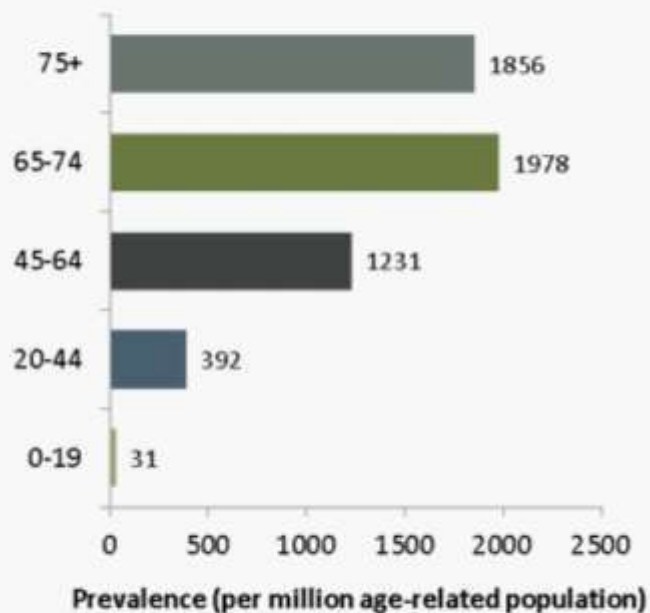
female patients on RRT in 2015



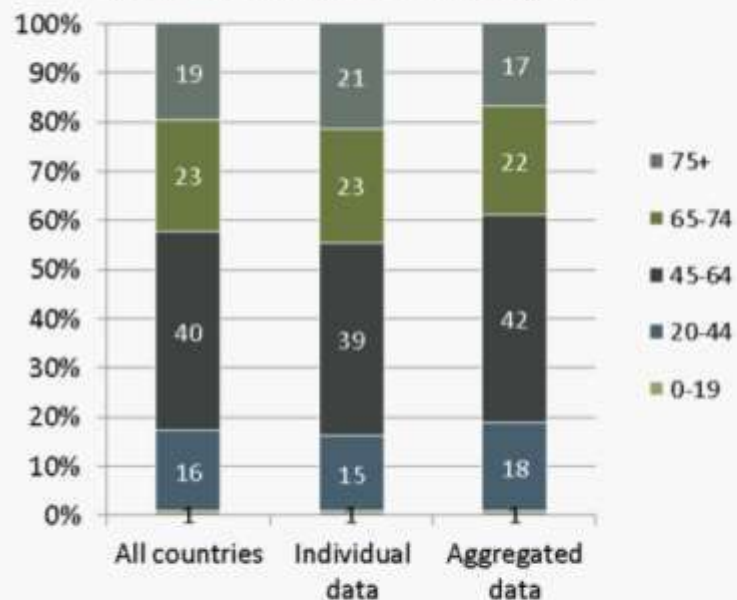
Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by age category

Prevalence by age category
for all registries



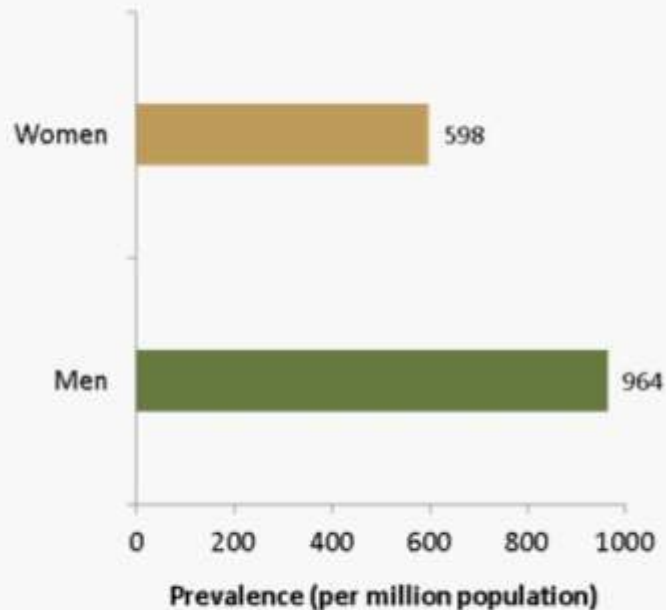
Prevalence by age category
by type of data provided by registry



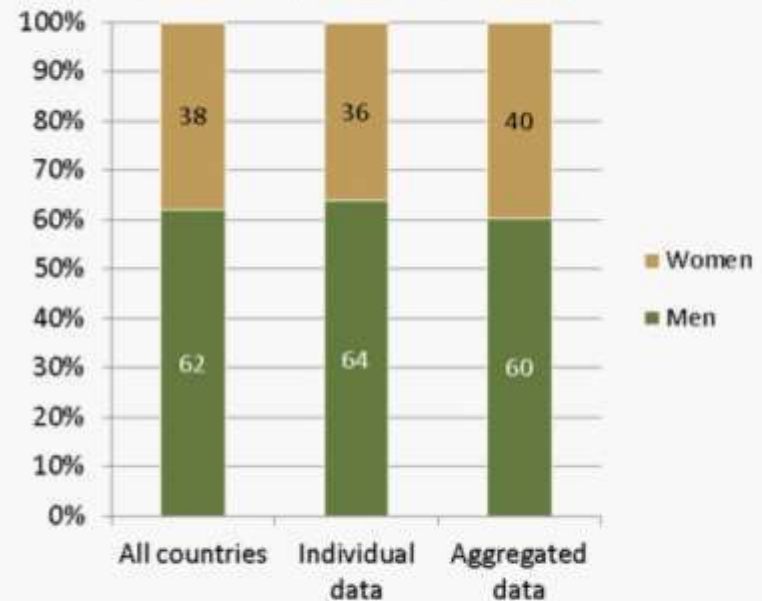
Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by gender

Prevalence by gender
for all registries



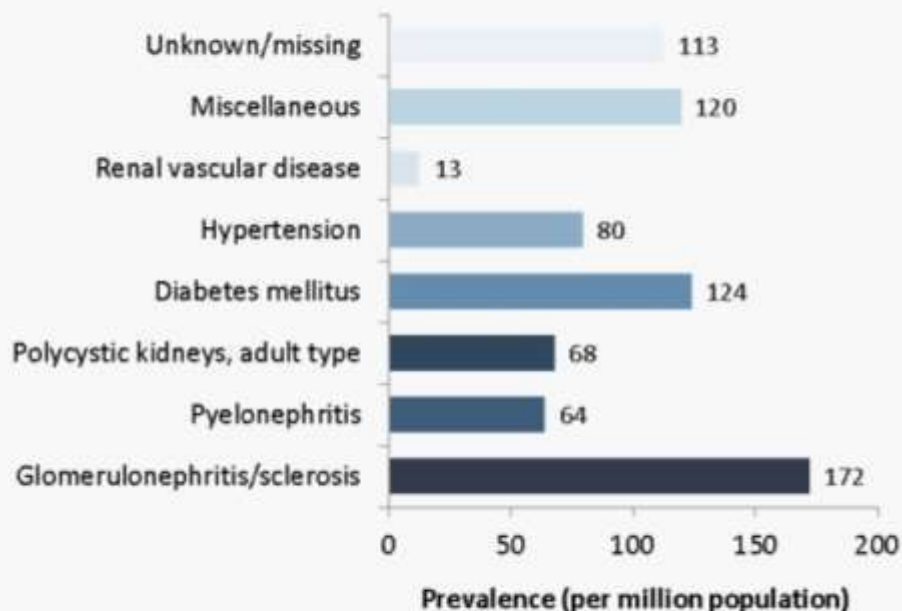
Prevalence by gender
by type of data provided by registry



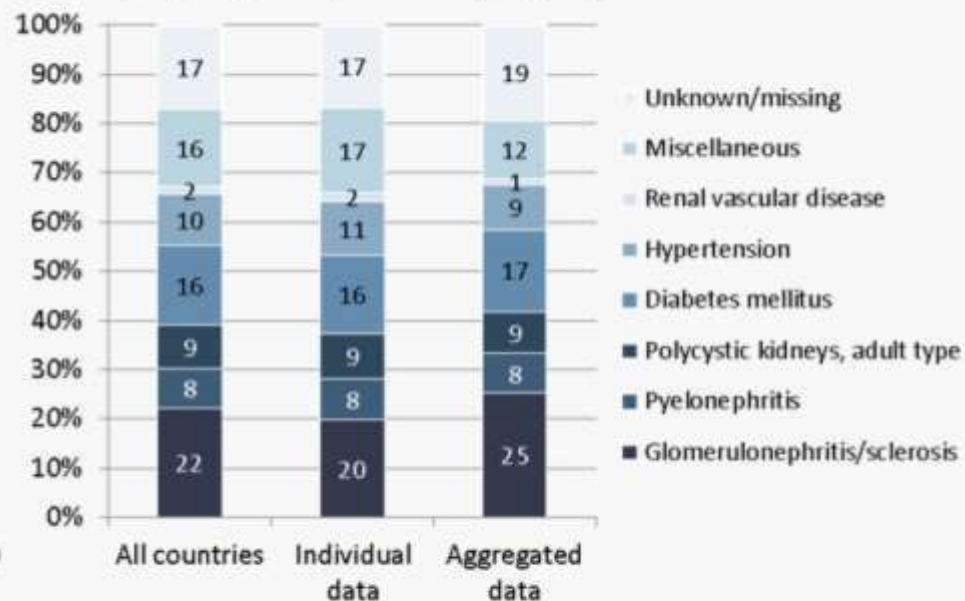
Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by primary renal disease

Prevalence by primary renal disease
for all registries



Prevalence by primary renal disease
by type of data provided by registry



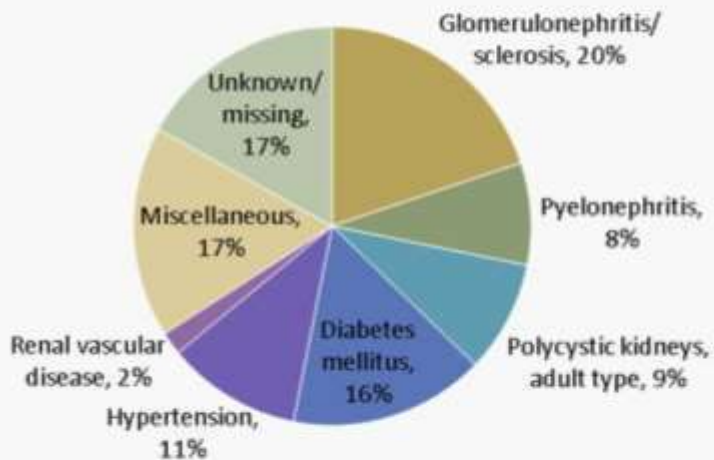
Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by primary renal disease and age category

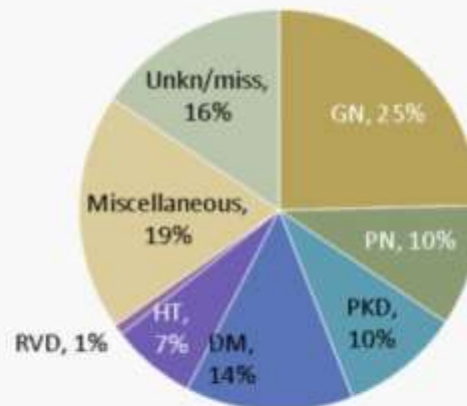
Prevalence by primary renal disease

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

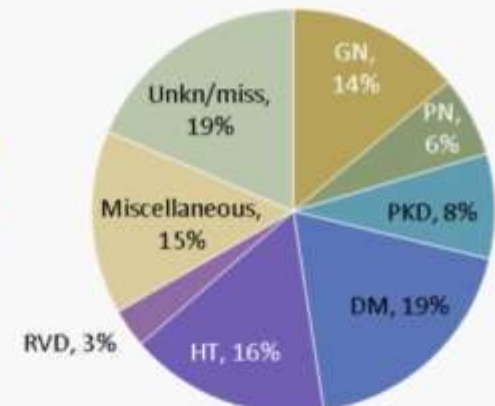
all patients



patients younger than 65 years of age at 31 December 2015



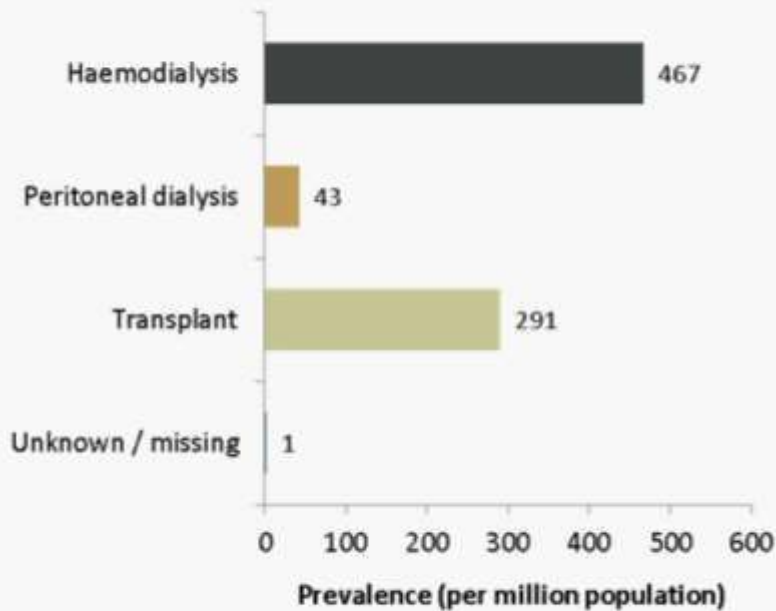
patients aged 65 years or older at 31 December 2015



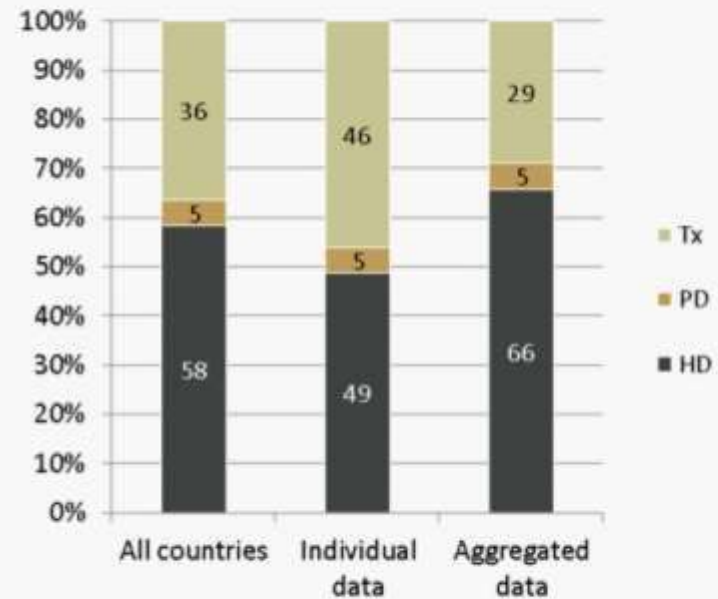
Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by modality

Prevalence by modality
for all registries



Prevalence by modality
by type of data provided by registry



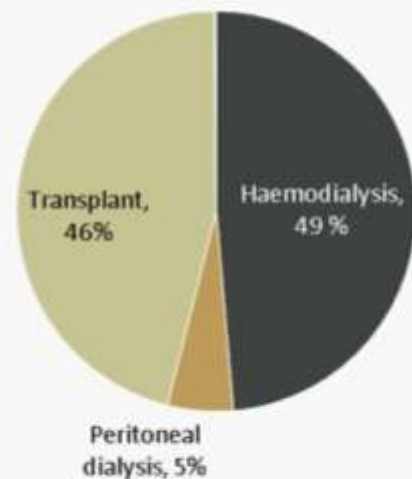
Prevalent patients on RRT in 2015

by modality and age category

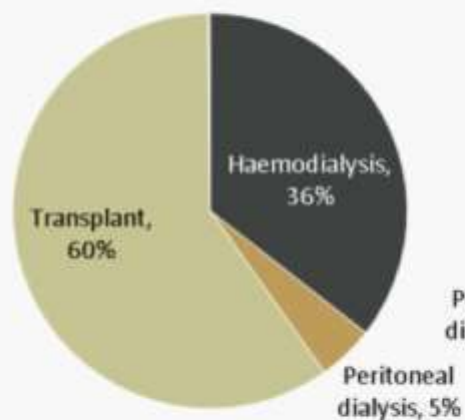
Prevalence by modality

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

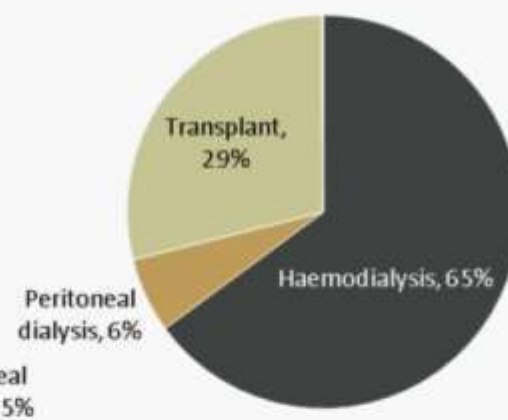
all patients



patients younger than 65 years
of age at 31 December 2015



patients aged 65 years or older
at 31 December 2015

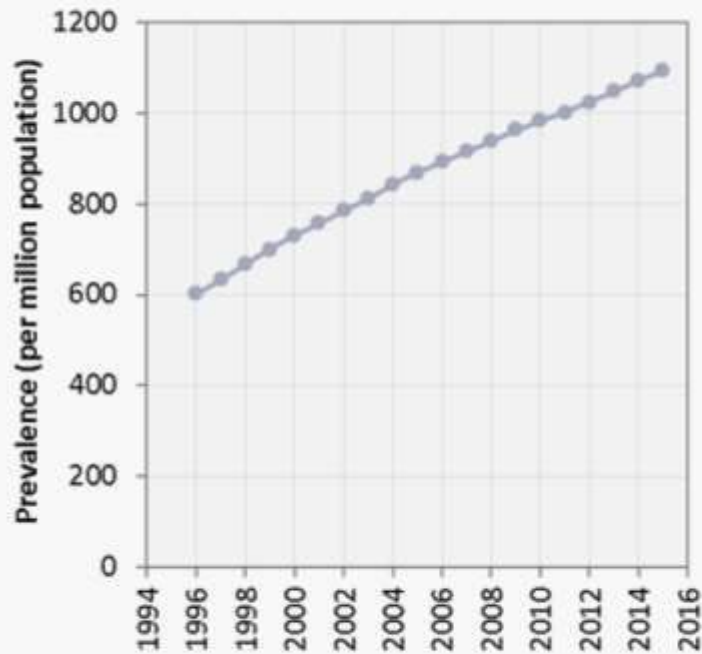


Prevalent patients on RRT

last 20 years (1996-2015)

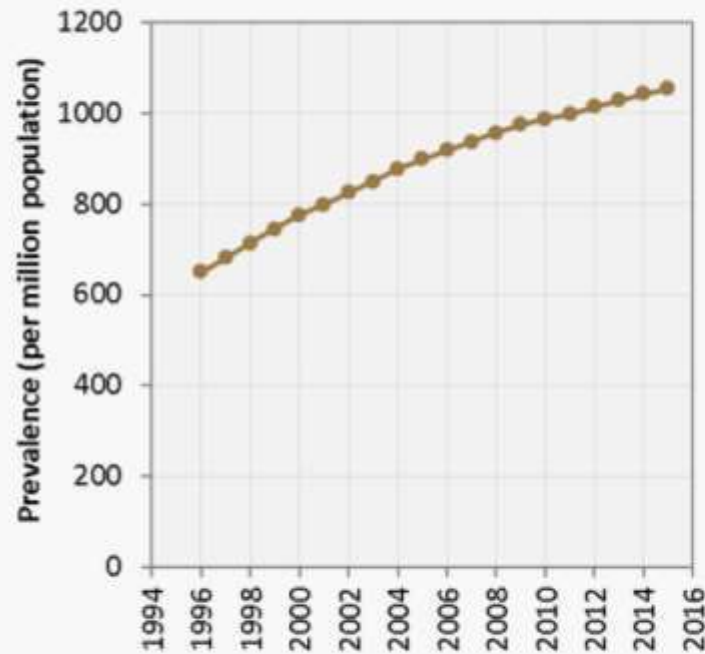
Unadjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT



Adjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT

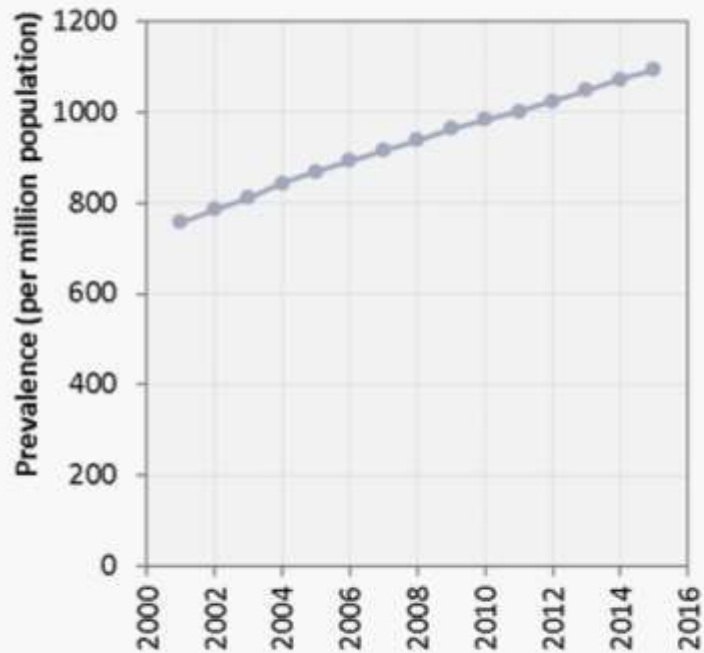


Prevalent patients on RRT

last 15 years (2001-2015)

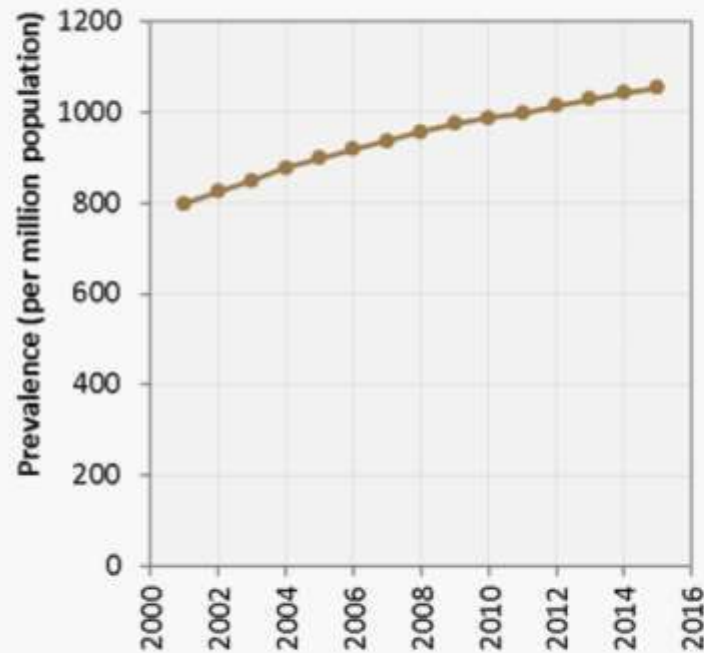
Unadjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT



Adjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT

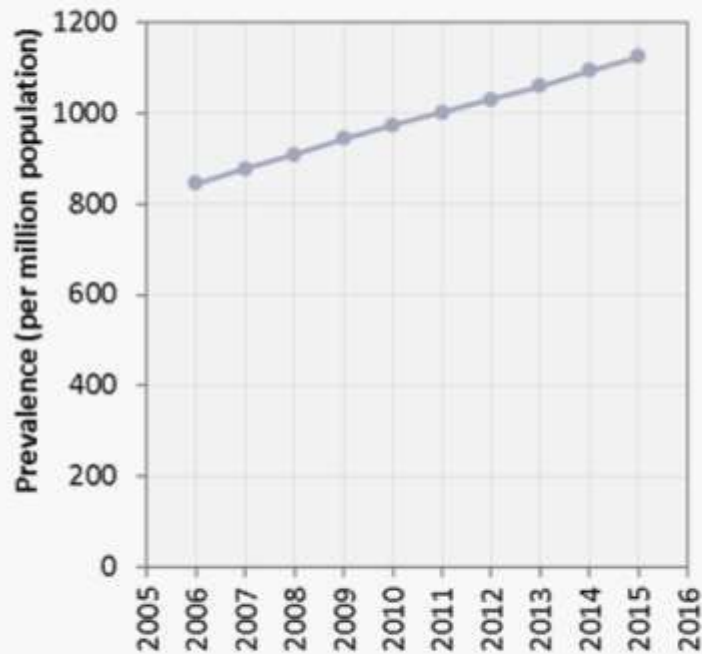


Prevalent patients on RRT

last 10 years (2006-2015)

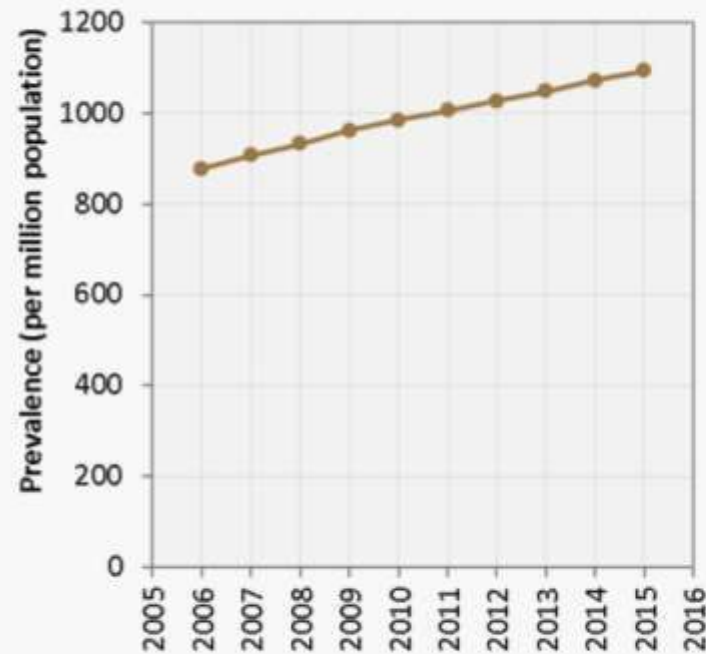
Unadjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT



Adjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT

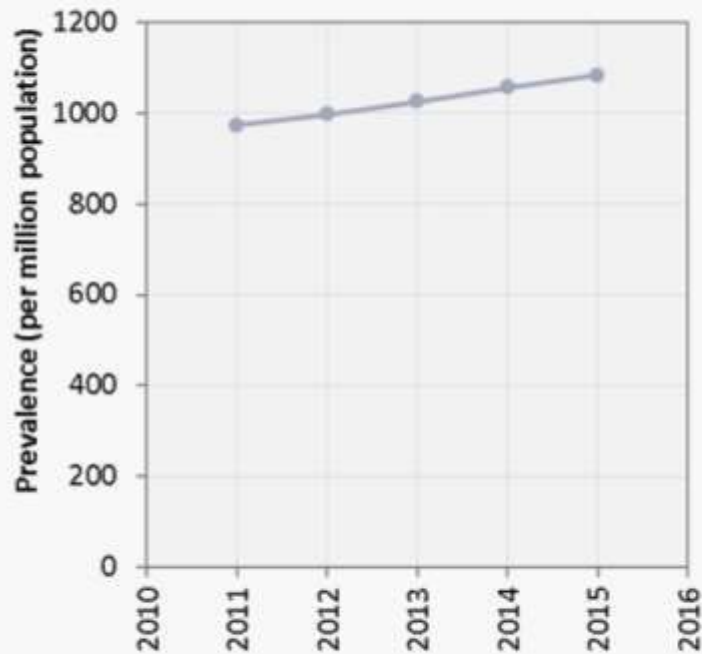


Prevalent patients on RRT

last 5 years (2011-2015)

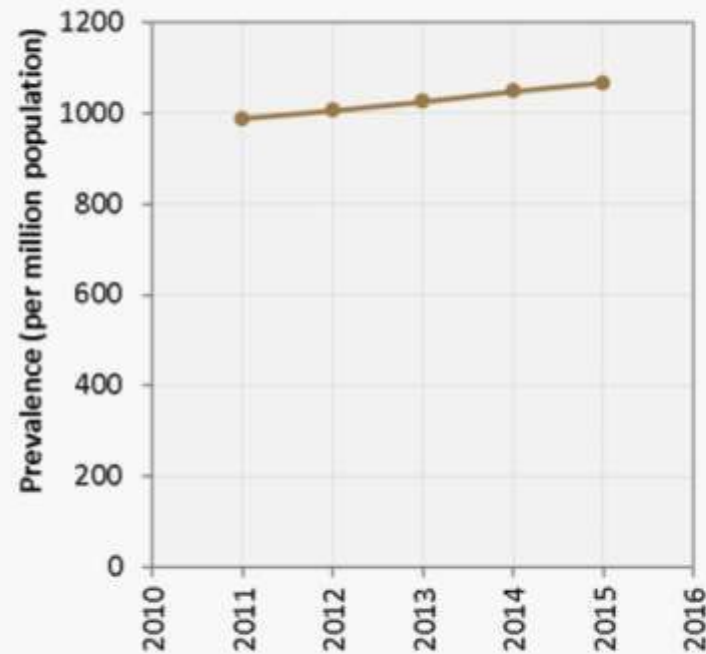
Unadjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT



Adjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT

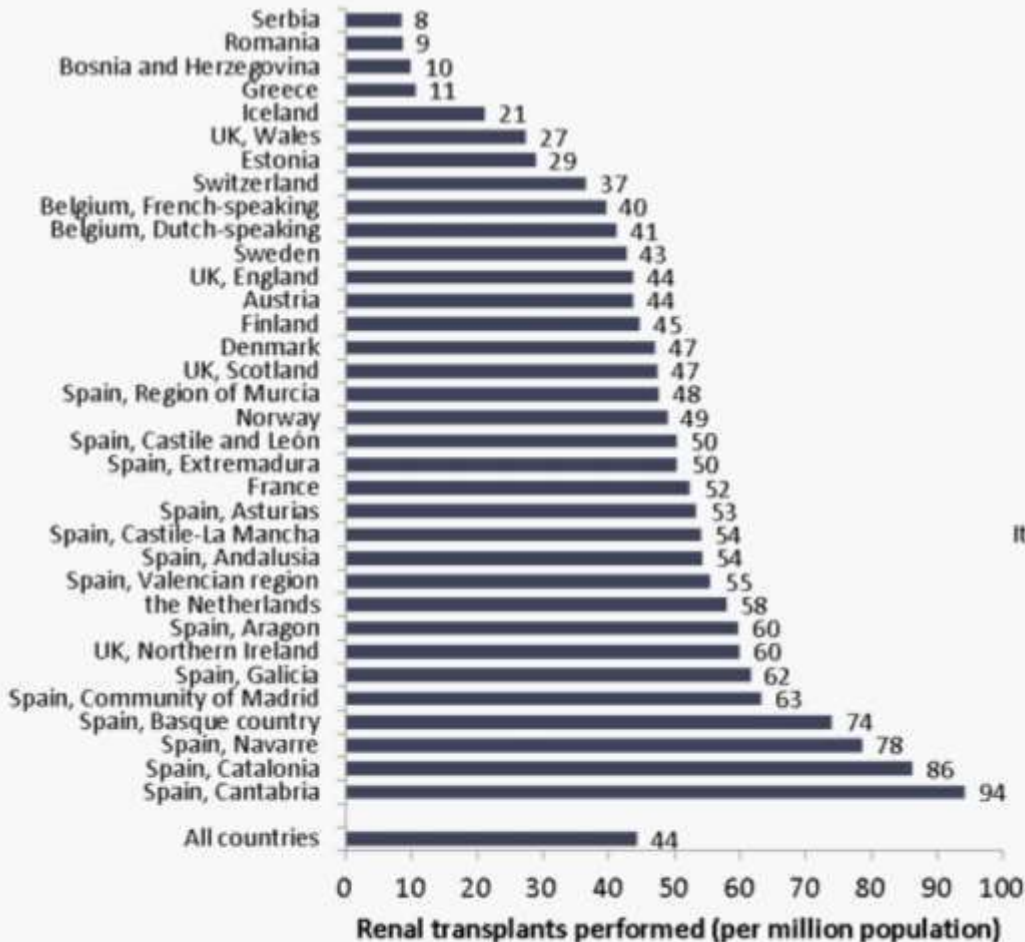


Renal transplants performed in 2015

by country

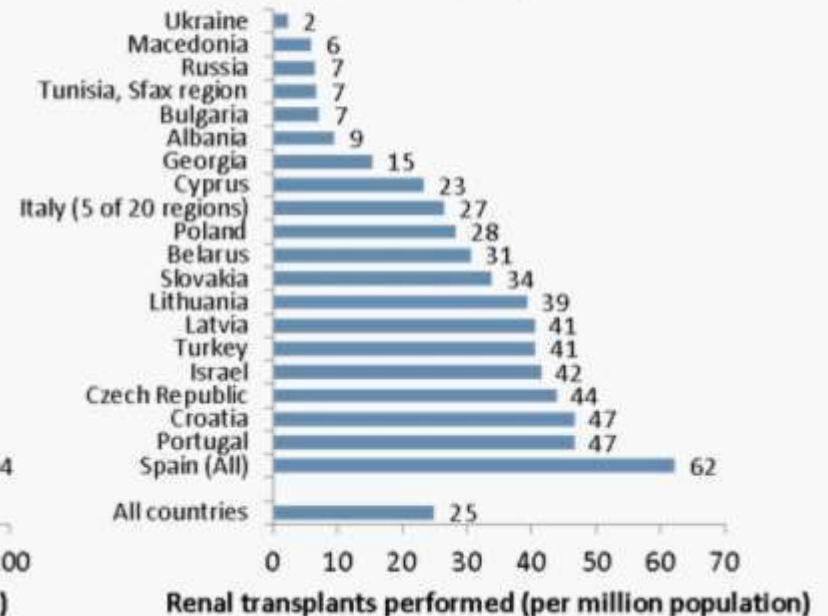
Renal transplants performed

renal registries providing individual patient data



Renal transplants performed

renal registries providing aggregated data

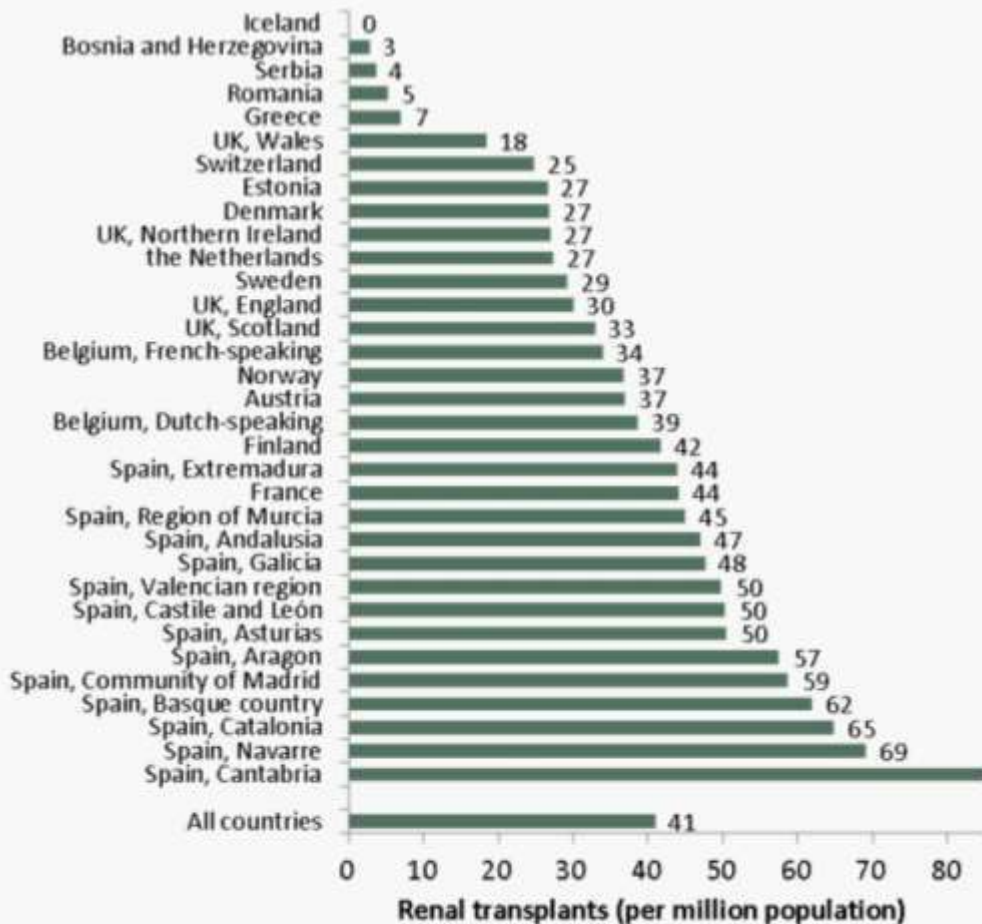


Renal transplants performed in 2015

transplants from deceased donors by country

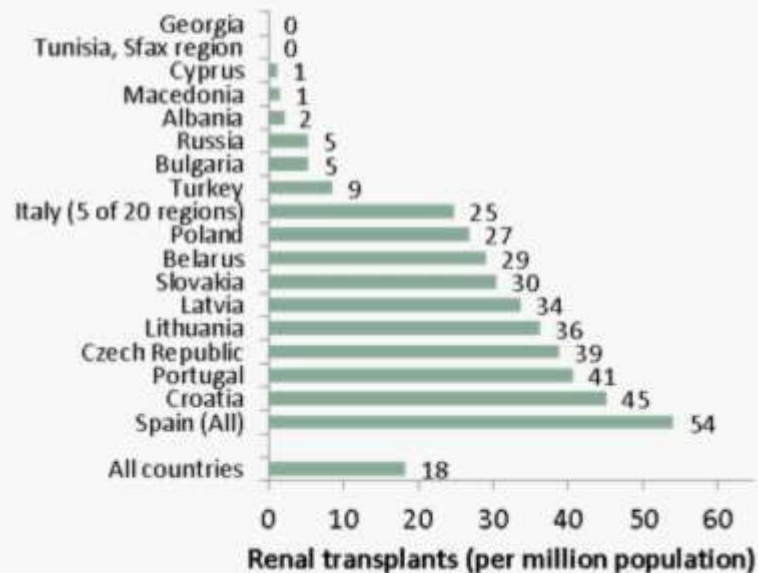
Deceased donor transplant rate

renal registries providing individual patient data



Deceased donor transplant rate

renal registries providing aggregated data

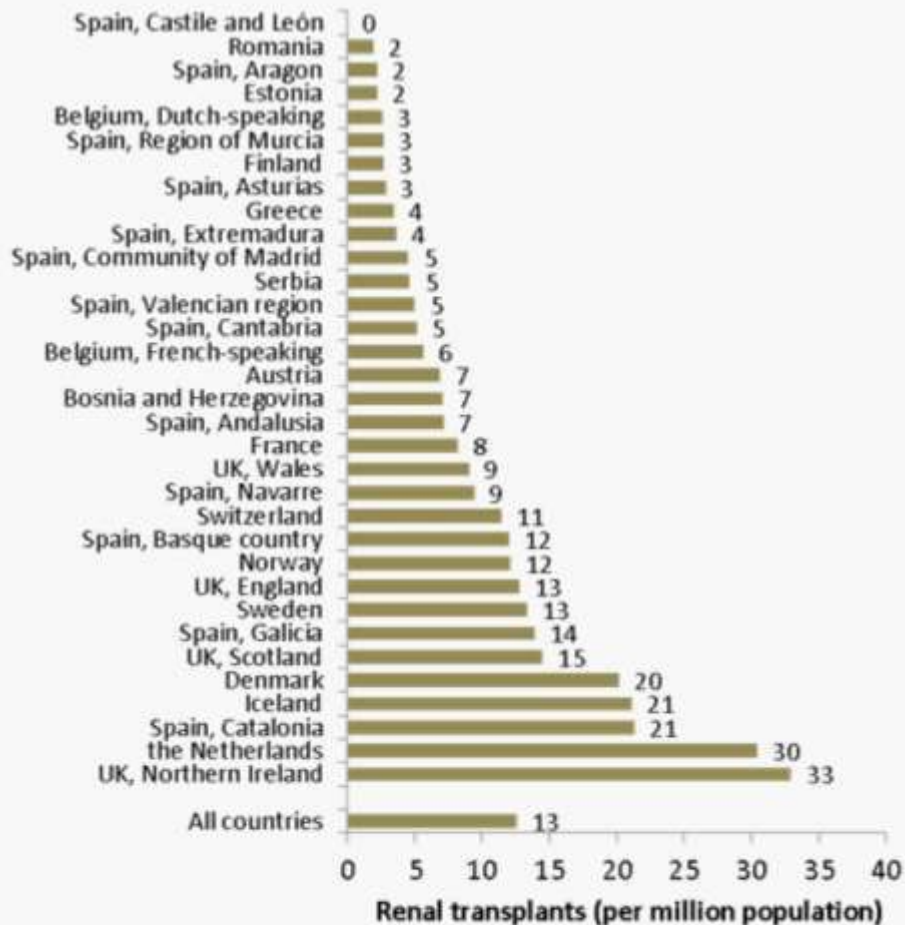


Renal transplants performed in 2015

transplants from living donors by country

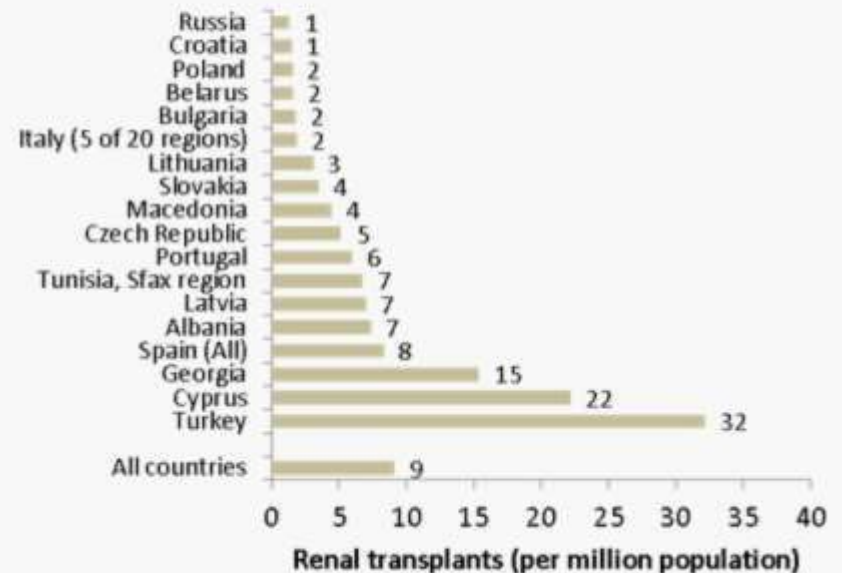
Living donor transplant rate

renal registries providing individual patient data



Living donor transplant rate

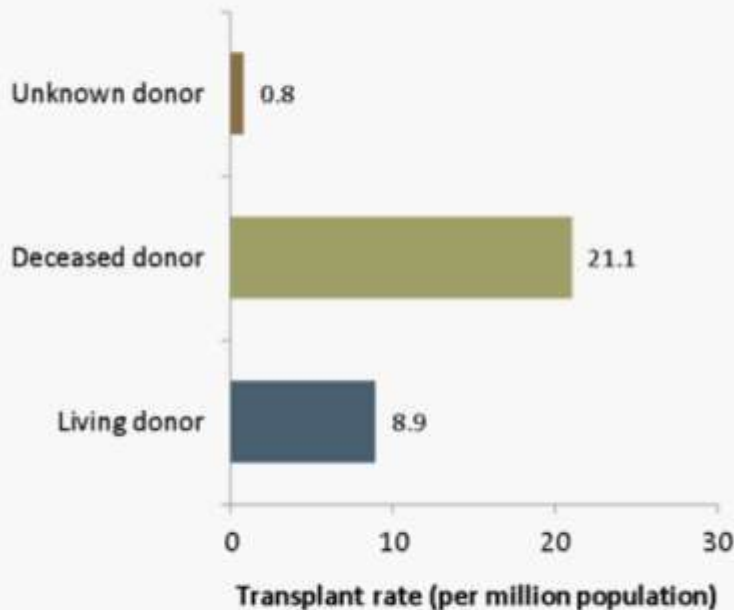
renal registries providing aggregated data



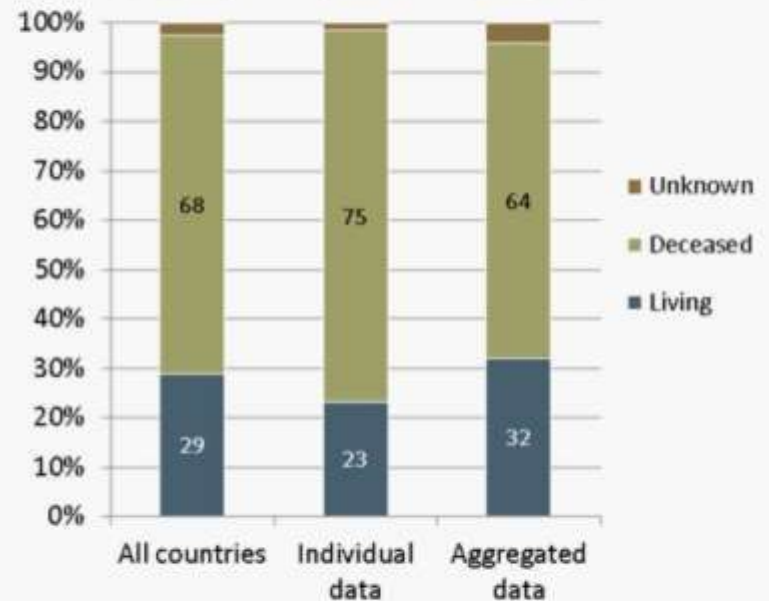
Renal transplants performed in 2015

by donor type

Renal transplants by donor type
for all registries



Renal transplants by donor type
by type of data provided by registry



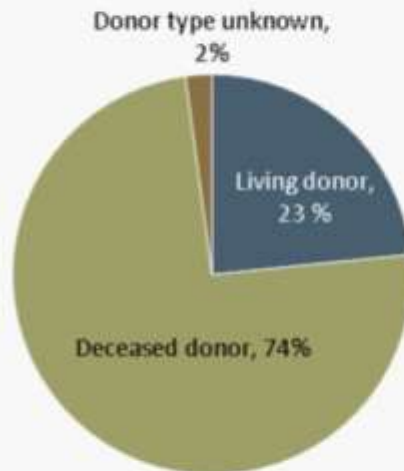
Renal transplants performed in 2015

by donor type

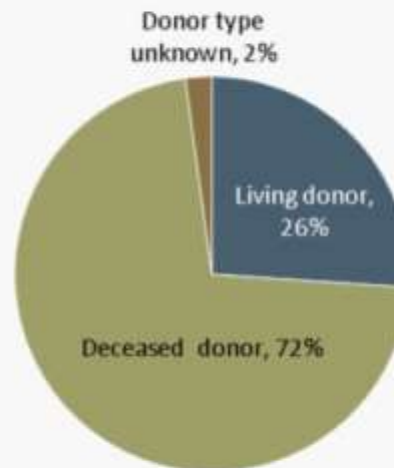
Renal transplants by donor type

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

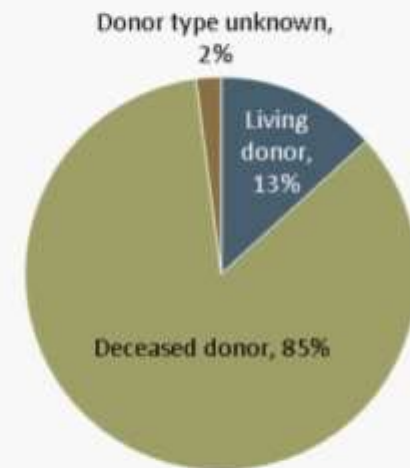
all patients



**patients younger than 65 years
of age at transplantation**



**patients aged 65 years or older
at transplantation**

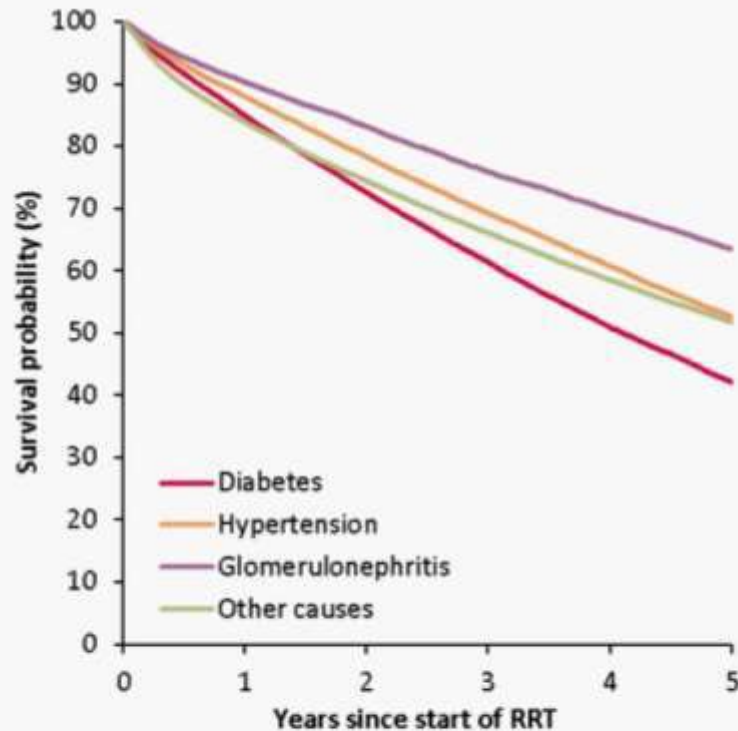


Survival probability cohort 2006-2010

by primary renal disease

Adjusted patient survival by primary renal disease Incident RRT patients

from day 1, adjusted for age and gender



Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (67 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (24% diabetes mellitus, 19% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 11% glomerulonephritis and 46% other primary renal diseases).

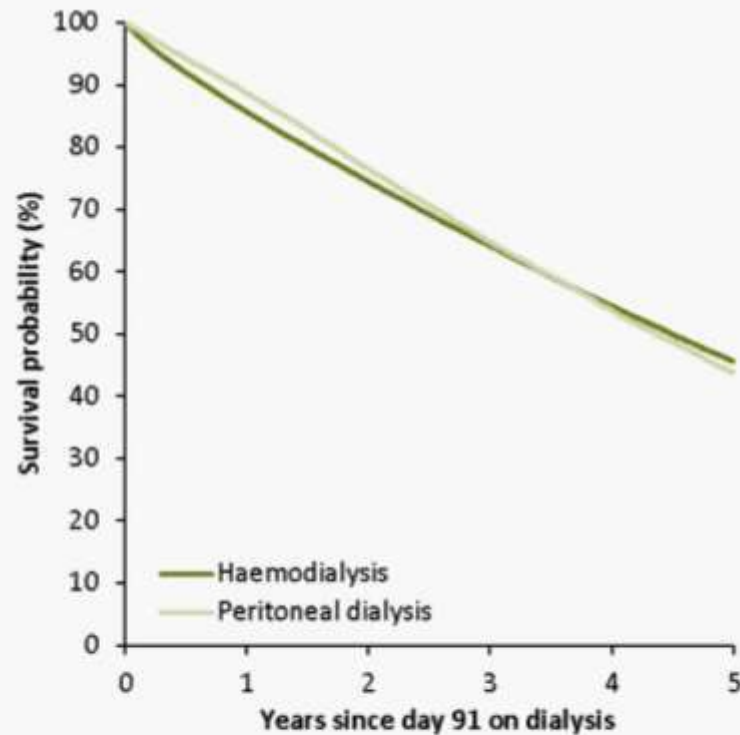
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Survival probability cohort 2006-2010

by dialysis modality

Adjusted patient survival by modality Incident dialysis patients

from day 91, adjusted for age, gender, and primary renal disease



Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (67 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (24% diabetes mellitus, 19% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 11% glomerulonephritis and 46% other primary renal diseases).

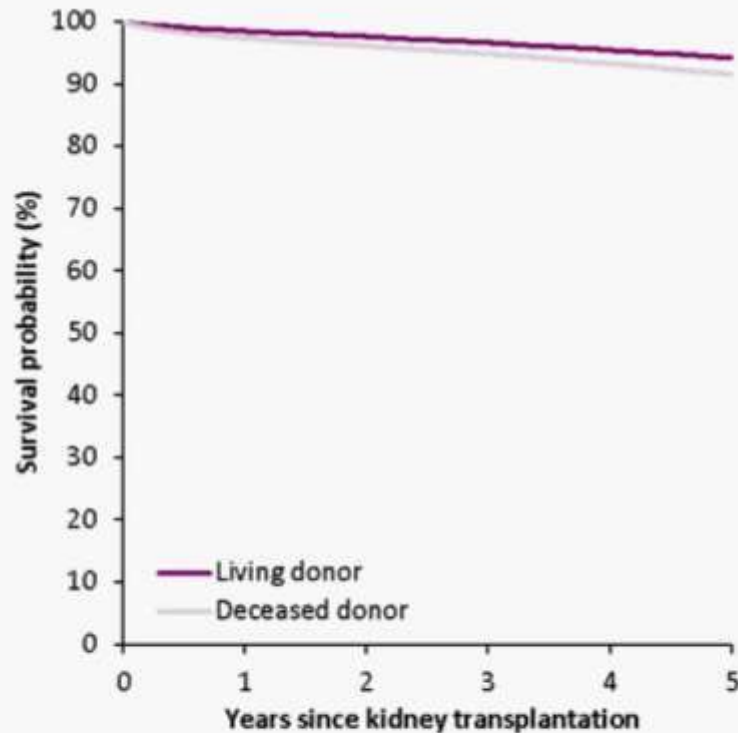
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Survival probability cohort 2006-2010

by kidney donor

Adjusted patient survival by donor type Patients receiving a first kidney transplant

from day of transplant, adjusted for age, gender, and primary renal disease



Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (50 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (14% diabetes mellitus, 10% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 23% glomerulonephritis and 53% other primary renal diseases).

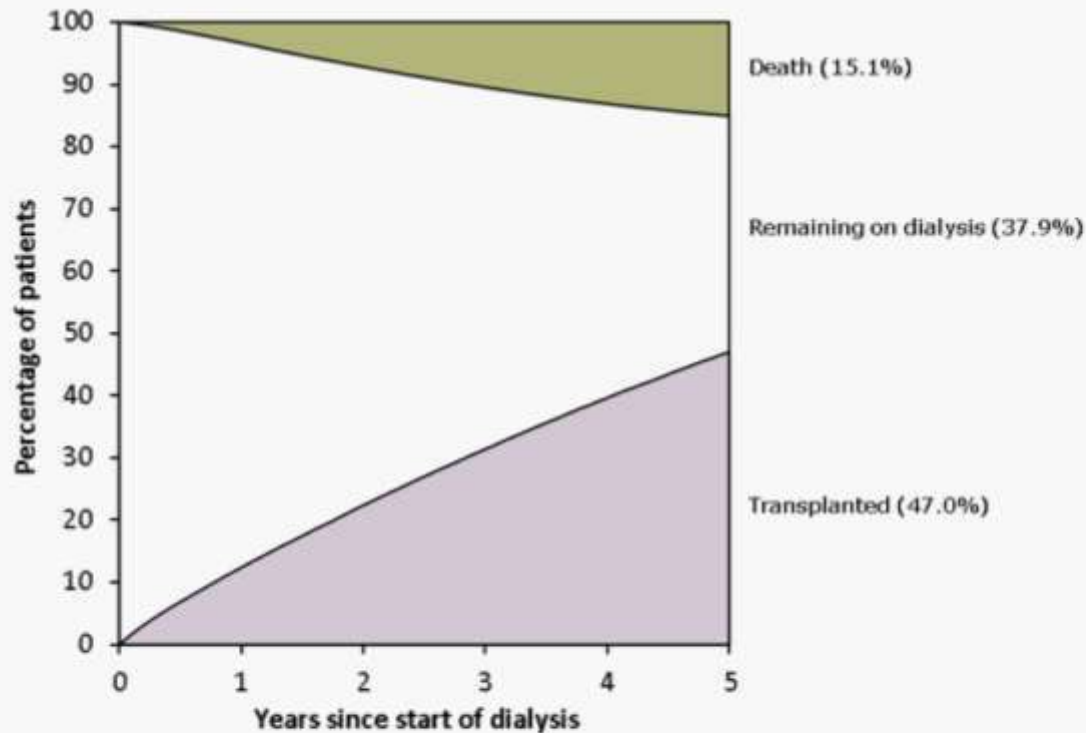
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Survival probability cohort 2006-2010

by modality

Adjusted cumulative incidence of death and receiving a kidney transplant: Incident dialysis patients

from day 1, adjusted for age, gender and primary renal disease



Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (67 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (24% diabetes mellitus, 19% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 11% glomerulonephritis and 46% other primary renal diseases).

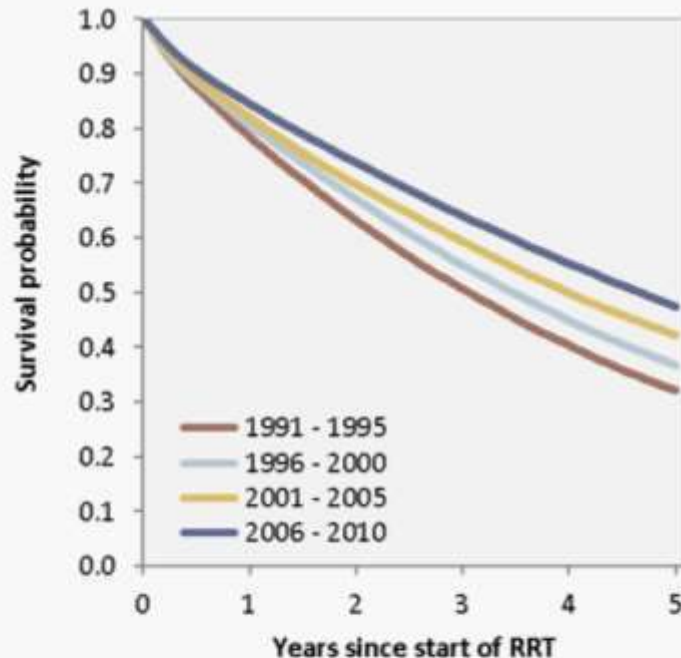
Fine and Gray competing risk method was used to examine dialysis survival.

Patient survival on renal replacement therapy

by cohort

Patient survival incident RRT patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (67 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (24% diabetes mellitus, 19% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 11% glomerulonephritis and 46% other primary renal diseases).

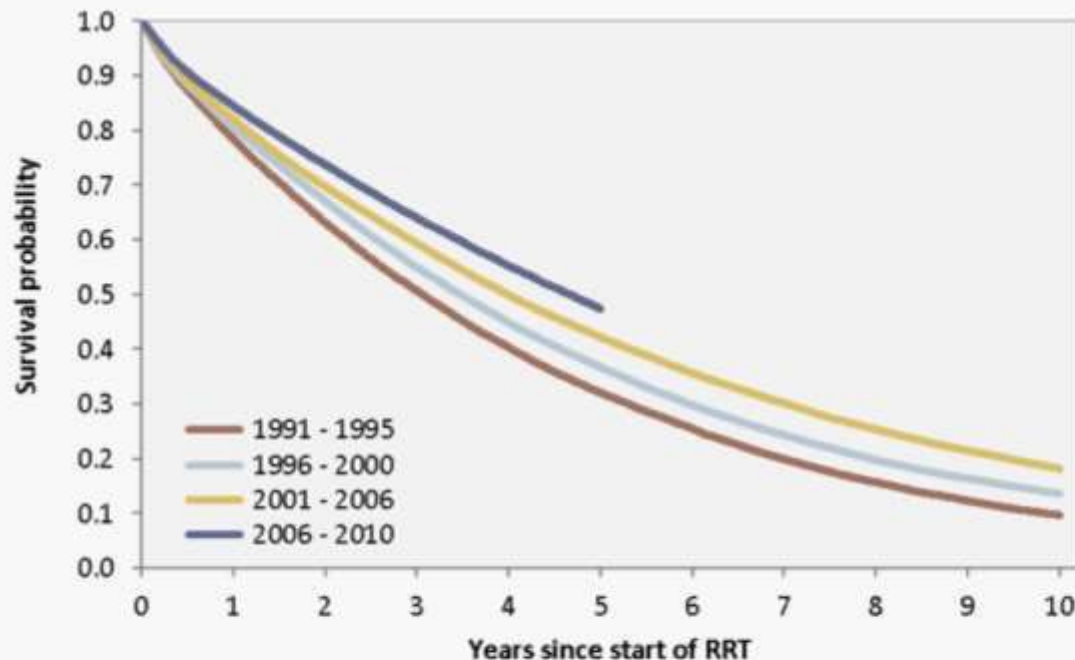
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Patient survival on renal replacement therapy

by cohort

Patient survival incident RRT patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (67 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (24% diabetes mellitus, 19% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 11% glomerulonephritis and 46% other primary renal diseases).

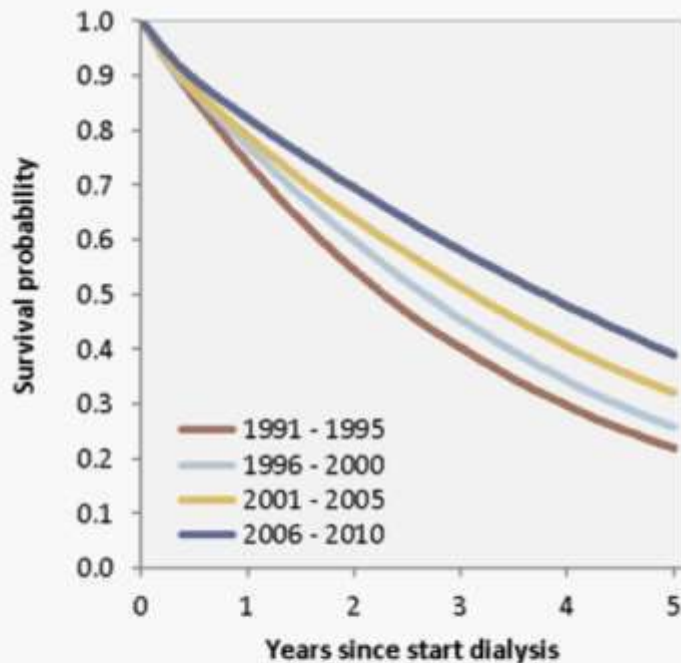
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Patient survival on dialysis

by cohort

Patient survival incident dialysis patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

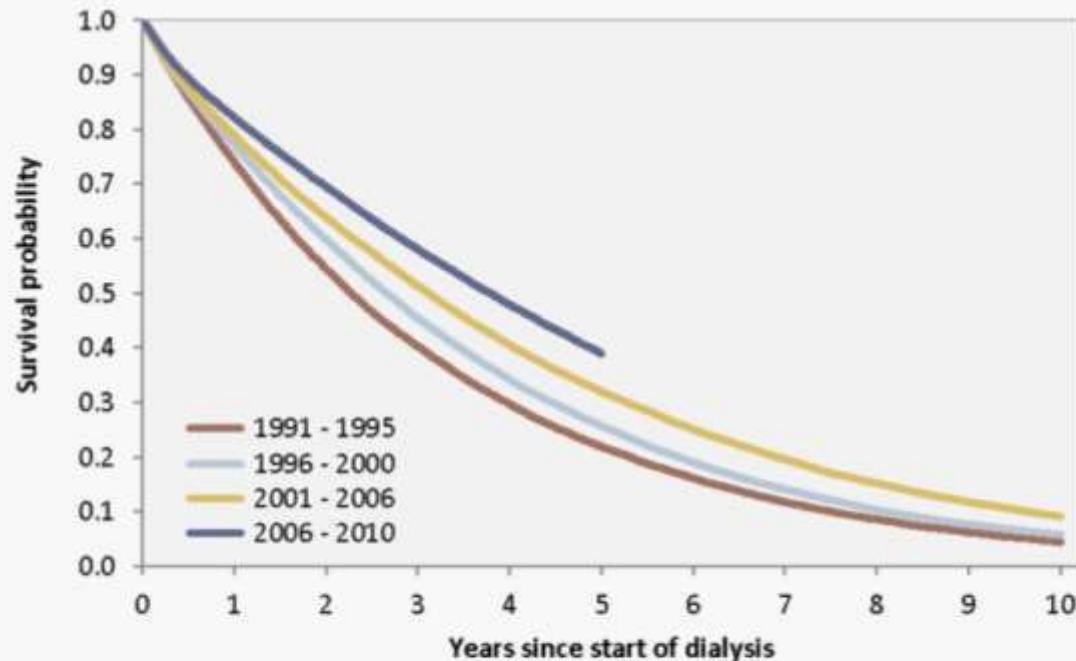
Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (67 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (24% diabetes mellitus, 19% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 11% glomerulonephritis and 46% other primary renal diseases).

Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Patient survival on dialysis *by cohort*

Patient survival incident dialysis patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (67 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (24% diabetes mellitus, 19% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 11% glomerulonephritis and 46% other primary renal diseases).

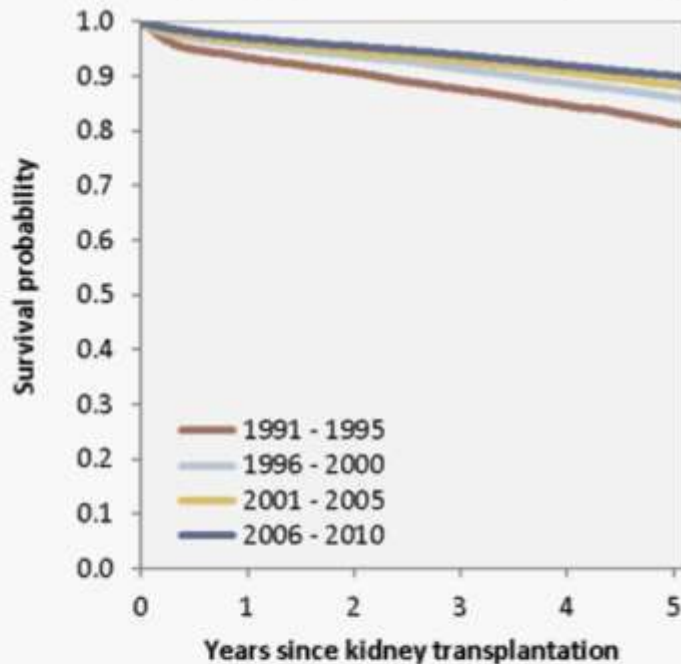
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Patient survival after first kidney transplantation

by cohort

Patient survival after first kidney transplantation

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (50 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (14% diabetes mellitus, 10% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 23% glomerulonephritis and 53% other primary renal diseases).

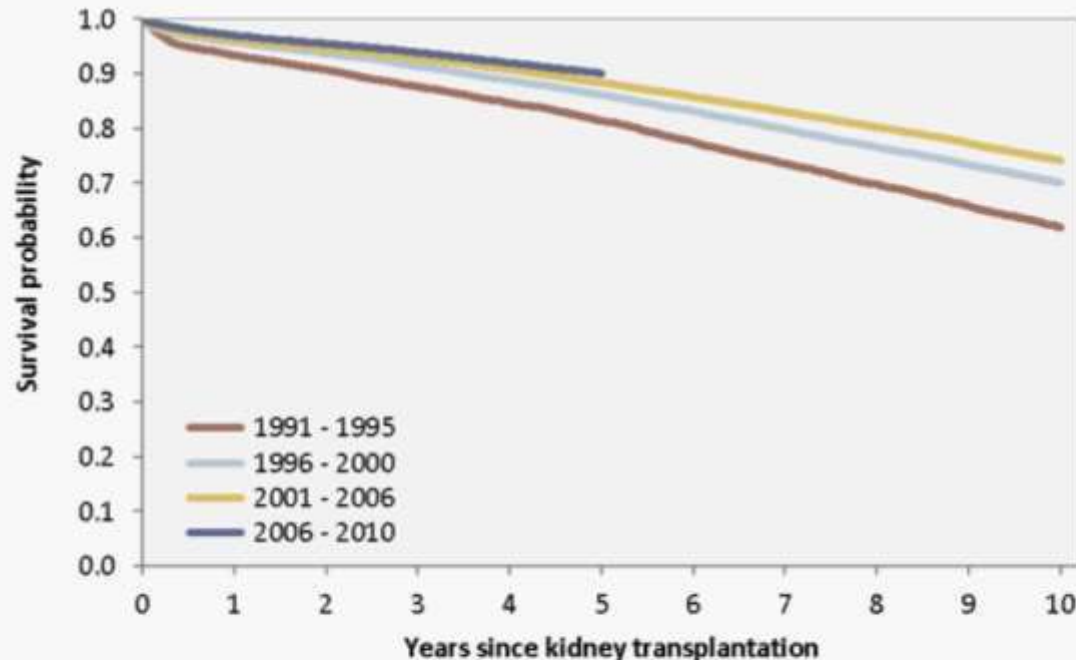
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Patient survival after first kidney transplantation

by cohort

Patient survival after first kidney transplantation

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (50 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (14% diabetes mellitus, 10% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 23% glomerulonephritis and 53% other primary renal diseases).

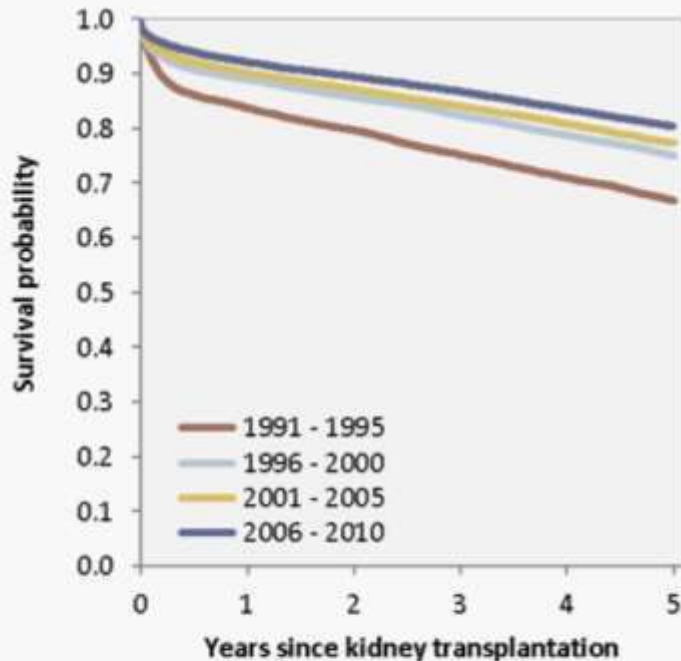
Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Graft survival after first kidney transplantation

by cohort

Graft survival after first kidney transplantation

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

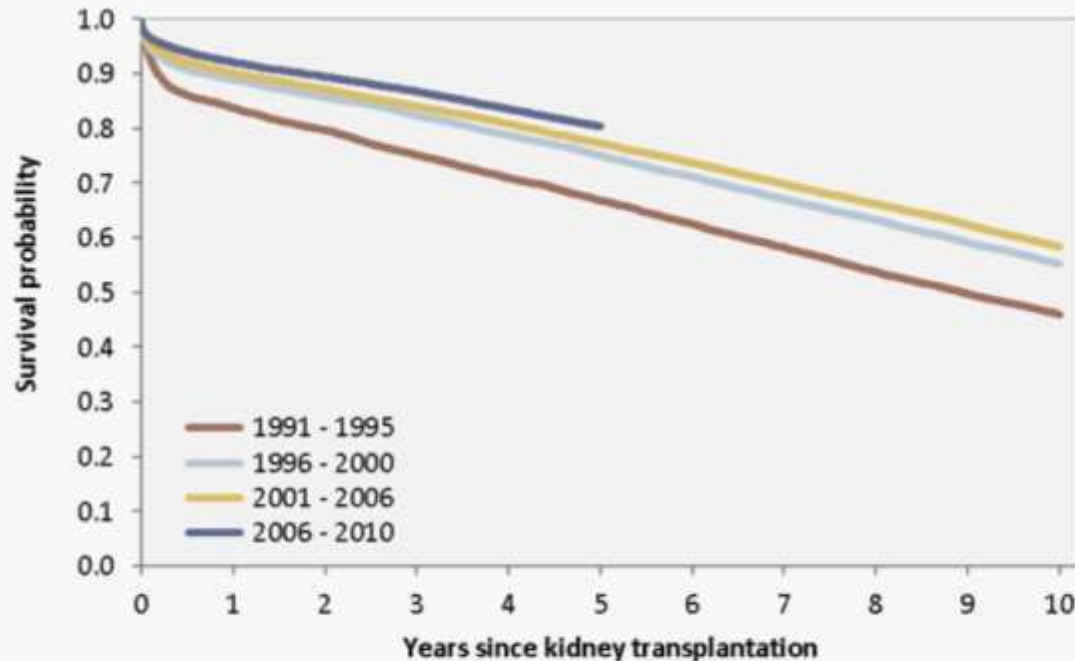
Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (50 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (14% diabetes mellitus, 10% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 23% glomerulonephritis and 53% other primary renal diseases).

Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.

Graft survival after first kidney transplantation

by cohort

Graft survival after first kidney transplantation
adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (50 years), gender (63% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (14% diabetes mellitus, 10% hypertension / renalvascular disease, 23% glomerulonephritis and 53% other primary renal diseases).

Cox regression model was used to calculate survival probabilities.